LEAD HAZARDS IN TRADITIONAL POTTERY



Traditional pottery or antique dinnerware may contain lead.

Lead is a hazard for everyone, but especially for young children.



- Lead can be found in some traditional pottery.
- Lead causes serious health problems.
- Lead can get into the food and drinks that are cooked, served or stored in pottery that contains lead in the glaze.



If you aren't sure if your pottery or dinnerware contains lead, **DO NOT USE IT** for cooking, serving or storing your food or drinks.

It may still be used as a decorative item.

Remember: Children with lead poisoning or lead in blood do not look or act sick.

Ask your doctor to test your child for lead. This is often the only way to tell.

All children in Oklahoma are required to have a blood lead test at 12 months and again at 24 months of age, or at least one test if never tested and they are still under six years of age.



For more information and resources, contact the Oklahoma Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (405) 426-8311 | Oklppp@health.ok.gov



Lead Poisoning Prevention