### **GRADY COUNTY**

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS1 (2017-2021)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE\*

From 2017 to 2021, **Grady County** had the **39**th **highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

Methamphetamine

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

7 Fentanyl

<5 Cocaine

<5 Alcohol

Senzodiazepines

\* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

Adults aged 55-64 years had the highest rate of death.

41% of deaths
occurred at a home

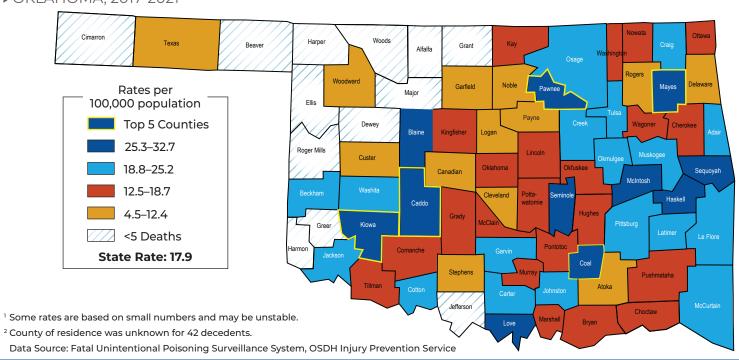
or apartment.

NON-HISPANIC AMERICAN INDIAN Grady County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Males were **twice as likely** to die as females.
- Drug overdose **death rates decreased 8%** from 19.3 per 100,000 (2012-2016) to 17.7 per 100,000 (2017-2021).
- Nearly one in four (24%) people who died had a history of mental health problems.
- Nearly two out of three (61%) people who died had a history of substance use.

## UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

▶OKLAHOMA, 2017-2021



#### **GRADY COUNTY**

#### DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS† (2019-2021)

**Grady County had the 57**th **highest** nonfatal
drug overdose
hospitalization
rate in the state.



TEENS AND ADULTS AGED

15-24
had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were

Grady
County
Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2019-2021.

- **50%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **48%** due to self harm.
- Females were **51% more likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 42%** from 100.7 per 100,000 (2016-2018) to 58.6 per 100,000 (2019-2021).
- Non-Hispanic White Grady County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- Non-opioid pain medications
- Opioids
- **▶** Benzodiazepines
- **▶** Antidepressants
- Antipsychotics

 $^\dagger \text{Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose-unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault}$ 

# NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES<sup>3</sup> BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>4</sup>

▶OKLAHOMA, 2019-2021<sup>5</sup>

