HASKELL COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS1 (2017-2021)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE*

From 2017 to 2021, **Haskell County** had the **6**th **highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

Methamphetamine

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

Alcohol

Benzodiazepines

Fentanyl

Cocaine

* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

Adults aged 45-54 years had the highest rate of death.



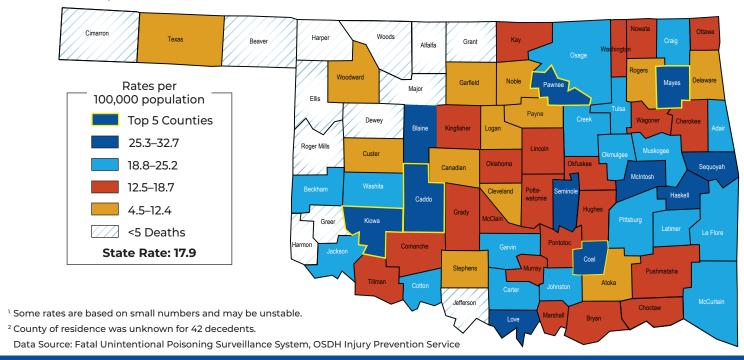
47% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

NON-HISPANIC AMERICAN INDIAN Haskell County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Males were **85% more likely** to die than females.
- Drug overdose **death rates increased 59%** from 17.2 per 100,000 (2012-2016) to 27.3 per 100,000 (2017-2021).
- More than four in five (82%) people who died had a history of substance use.

UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

▶OKLAHOMA, 2017-2021



HASKELL COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS† (2019-2021)

had the 49th highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



ADULTS AGED
45-54

had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were

Haskell County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2019-2021.

- **60%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **40%** due to self harm.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates increased 3%** from 65.6 per 100,000 (2016-2018) to 65.6 per 100,000 (2019-2021).
- Non-Hispanic White Haskell County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

†Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- Non-opioid pain medications
- Opioids

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶OKLAHOMA, 2019-2021⁵

