### **ROGERS COUNTY**

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS1 (2017-2021)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL **DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS** BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE\*

From 2017 to 2021, Rogers County had the **57th highest** drug overdose death rate in the state. 45-54 55.6F

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths Methamphetamine **Other Opioids** (excluding fentanyl) **Fentanyl** Benzodiazepines

Adults aged 45-54 years had the highest rate of death.

45% of deaths

**NON-HISPANIC MULTIRACIAL** Rogers County residents had the highest rate of death.



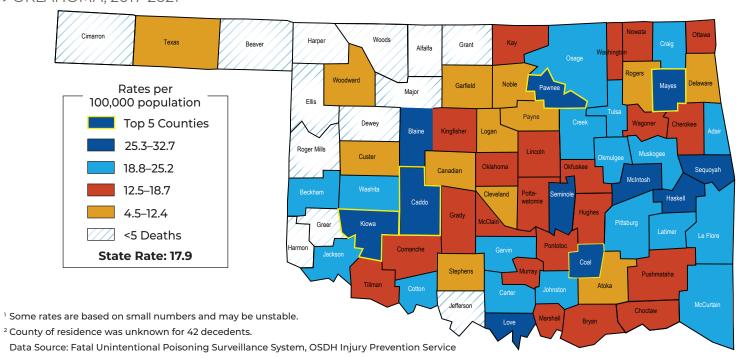
- Males were **73% more likely** to die than females.
- Drug overdose **death rates decreased 15%** from 12.3 per 100,000 (2012-2016) to 10.5 per 100,000 (2017-2021).
- Nearly one in three (31%) people who died had a history of mental health problems.
- More than three out of four (76%) people who died had a history of substance use.

Alcohol Cocaine \* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths

may involve more than one substance.

#### UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES<sup>1</sup> BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>2</sup>

▶OKLAHOMA. 2017-2021



## ROGERS COUNTY

#### DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS<sup>†</sup> (2019-2021)

Rogers County had the 32<sup>nd</sup> highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



TEENS AND ADULTS AGED

15-24
had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were

Rogers
County
Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2019-2021.

- **52%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **45%** due to self harm.
- Females were **44% more likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 24%** from 117.3 per 100,000 (2016-2018) to 89.2 per 100,000 (2019-2021).
- Non-Hispanic White Rogers County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- Opioids
- **▶** Antidepressants
- ► Non-opioid pain medications
- **▶** Stimulants
- ▶ Benzodiazepines

†Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault

# NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES<sup>3</sup> BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>4</sup>

▶OKLAHOMA, 2019-2021<sup>5</sup>

