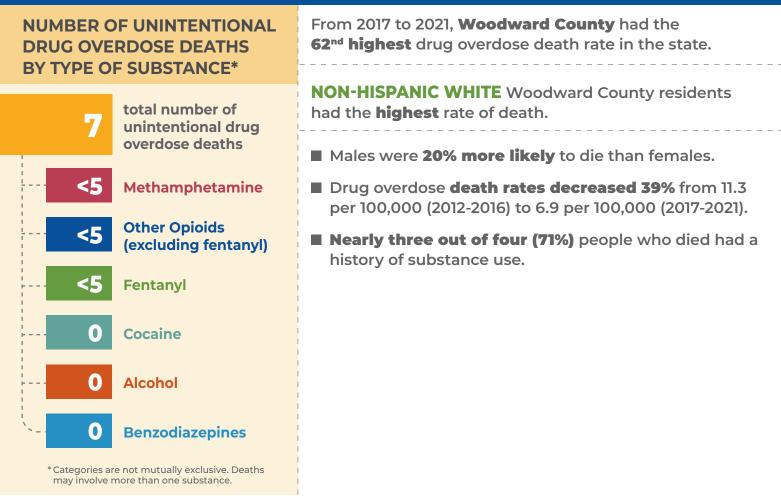
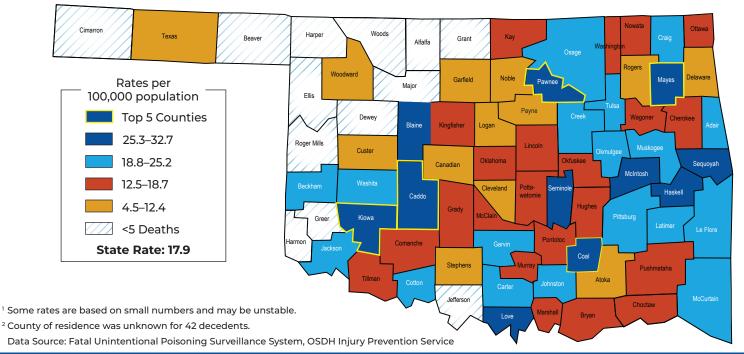
WOODWARD COUNTY DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS¹ (2017-2021)



UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

▶OKLAHOMA, 2017-2021



Learn more: oklahoma.gov/health/overdose | 405.426.8440

WOODWARD COUNTY DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS[†] (2019-2021)

Woodward County had the 62nd highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



ADULTS AGED 55-64 had the highest hospitalization rate.

╏╏┖┓┍┛╺╺━╸╽	പ	尻
	-	

There were

Opioids

Woodward County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2019-2021.

The most common substances involved in

Benzodiazepines

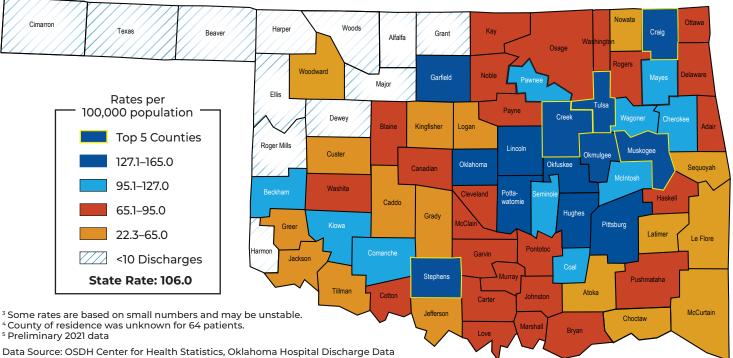
hospitalizations were:

- **46%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **50%** due to self harm.
- Females were 52% more likely to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose hospitalization rates decreased 24% from 56.6 per 100,000 (2016-2018) to 43.2 per 100,000 (2019-2021).
- Non-Hispanic White Woodward County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

[†]Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶OKLAHOMA, 2019-2021⁵



Compiled by: OSDH Injury Prevention Service

This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement 6 NU17CE924993.03 funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the Department of Health and Human Services. This publication was issued by the Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH), an equal opportunity employer and provider. A digital file has been deposited with the Publications Clearinghouse of the Oklahoma Department of Libraries in compliance with section 3-114 of Title 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes and is available for download at documents.ok.gov. | oklahoma.gov/health. | August 2023

