

EALTH

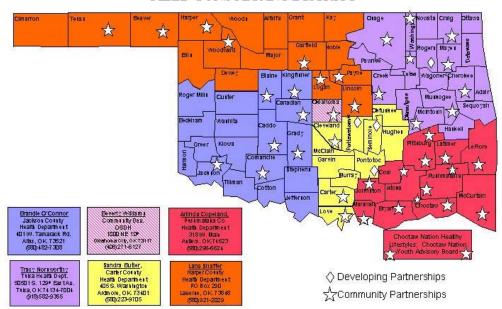
A Look Back To Move Forward

McCurtain County

The state of Oklahoma has been in a downward health trend since the 1990's, until recently. Through the efforts of the state and county health departments, state and local governments and the individual communities the health of Oklahomans is looking up. However, we could do more to improve the health of the citizens of Oklahoma.

This report focuses on the health factors for the citizens of McCurtain County. We will take a look back to discover what has been affecting the health of the citizens in order to move forward and make healthy, effective and safe changes for all.

TURNING POINT PARTNERSHIPS and FIELD CONSULTANT DISTRICT



Inside this issue:

County Demographics	2
Top 10 Leading Causes of Death	2
Nutrition & Obesity	2
Top 10 Leading Causes of Death Table	3
Injury & Violence	4
Tobacco use	4
Physical Activity, Wellness & Diabetes	4

Teen Pregnancy	5
Poverty	5
OK By One—State Immunization Data	6
County Health Department Usage	7
Health Care Costs Summary	7
Turning Point	8

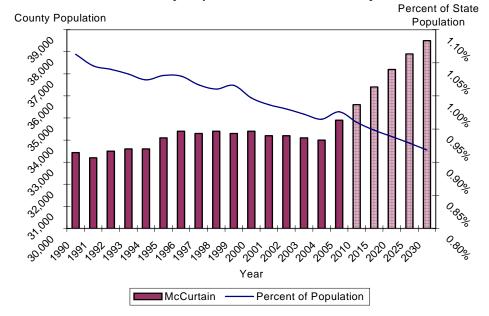
Demographics * U.S. Census Bureau

- Population estimates
 - 3% increase from 1990 to 2000 (33,433 to 34,402)
 - 1% decrease from 2000 to 2004
- Ranked 51st for growth in state

2000 Census

- Hispanic/Latino ethnicity = 3%
- Race
 - Whites = 71%0
 - Native Americans =14% 0
 - Blacks = 9%
 - Other/Multiple = 7%0
- Age
 - Under 5 = 7%0
 - Over 64 = 14%0
 - Median age = 36.0 years
- Housing units
 - Occupied = 13,216 (86%)
 - Vacant = 2,211 (14%)
- Disability (ages 21 to 64) = 27.5% national = 19.2% state = 21.5%
- Individuals below poverty = 24.7% national = 12.4% state = 14.7%

McCurtain County Population Growth with Projections



Heart disease

accounts for almost

\$47 million a year

in medical costs in

McCurtain

* Vital Statistics, Health Care Information Systems, OSDH &

Top 10 Leading Causes of Death

The top 10 leading causes of death table on the next page displays a broad picture of the causes of death in McCurtain County. Since many health-related issues are unique to specific ages, this table provides causes of death by age group at a glance. The causes of death that are present across almost every age group have been highlighted. From 1983 to 1993 heart disease killed 1,565 people in McCurtain County

and is still the leading cause of death among all age groups. According to the Centers for Disease Control, almost \$400,000 is spent on each heart diseaserelated death. With an average of 126.9 deaths a year, heart disease accounts for almost

\$47 million a year in medical costs

Centers for Disease Control

in McCurtain County.

Alzheimer's disease and the complications associated with it have increased from the 18th ranked cause of death (1983-1993) to the 11th ranked cause of death in persons 65 and older accounting for a 325% increase in deaths.

Nutrition and Obesity

With the United States coming in as the most obese country in the world, health care costs related to obesity and poor nutrition are on the rise.

Of the 292 million people in the United States, 129 million are overweight or obese according to their body mass index (BMI). The number of obese (BMI > 29) and overweight (BMI 25-29) Oklahomans has been increasing at the

same rate as the nation, and health care costs are reflecting this downward spiral of health. For persons under the age of 65, on average, health care costs are \$395 more for obese individuals and are even greater for persons over the age of 65.

In 2001-2005, 28.9%



Sensible Foods - Sensible **Portions** 5 to 9 Fruits & Vegetables a Day

* Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Health Care Information System, OSDH & Health Affairs Journal, R. Strum, 2002

> (9,828) of people in McCurtain County were considered obese which accounted for an additional \$3,882,060 in medical costs for the county. These costs are underestimated because they

> > do not take into account the percentage of obese or overweight persons who are over the age of 65.

July 2005

Top 10 Causes of Death by Age Group

McCurtain County 1993-2003

				modelitem ocentry	ocanity 1999	ί			
Rank	0-4	05-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 +	All Ages
	CONGENITAL ANOMALIES	UNINTENT. INJURY	UNINTENT. INJURY	UNINTENT. INJURY	HEART DISEASE	HEART DISEASE	CANCER	HEART DISEASE	HEART DISEASE
_	10	6	50	42	37	77	176	1130	1396
	PERINATAL PERIOD	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	UNINTENT. INJURY	CANCER	HEART DISEASE	CANCER	CANCER
2	6	5	18	19	35	63	143	610	893
	UNINTENT. INJURY	SUICIDE	SUICIDE	SUICIDE	CANCER	UNINTENT. INJURY	STROKE	STROKE	UNINTENT. INJURY
3	7	3	10	7	30	27	25	204	263
	SIDS	OTHER	OTHER	HEART DISEASE	SUICIDE	STROKE	BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA/ ASTHMA	BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA/ ASTHMA	STROKE
4	4	~	4	4	16	17	24	193	255
	STROKE			CANCER	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	DIABETES MELLITUS	UNINTENT. INJURY	DIABETES MELLITUS	BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA/ ASTHMA
2	2			4	13	12	24	109	231
	HEART DISEASE			STROKE	DIABETES MELLITUS	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	DIABETES MELLITUS	INFLUENZA/ PNEUMONIA	DIABETES MELLITUS
9	2			2	7	11	20	107	148
	CANCER			ŅΗ	STROKE	LIVER DISEASE	LIVER	UNINTENT. INJURY	INFLUENZA/ PNEUMONIA
7	2			2	5	11	17	69	117
	ANEMIA			ACUTE BRONCHITIS	LIVER DISEASE	BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA/ ASTHMA	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL	SEPTICEMIA (BLOOD POISONING)	HOMICIDE/ LEGAL
8	1			1	4	10	9	61	73
	HERNIA			COMPLICATED PREGNANCY	BRONCHITIS EMPHYSEMA/ ASTHMA	SUICIDE	INFLUENZA/ PNEUMONIA	KIDNEY DISEASE	SEPTICEMIA (BLOOD POISONING)
	1			1	2	6	4	46	69
	FOUR CAUSES TIED			KIDNEY DISEASE	INFLUENZA/ PNEUMONIA	HYPERTENSIO N	SEPTICEMIA (BLOOD POISONING)	HYPERTENSIO N	SUICIDE
10	1			_	2	4	4	37	55
Data	Oron High Official Double	4110011 00:10:10	_	10 20:00:00	aformation Divinion Oldehama State Danamant of Haalth	1 7 - 1	7711		

Produced by: Community Development Service, Community Health Service, Oklahoma State Department of Health Data source: Vital Statistics, Health Care Information Division, Oklahoma State Department of Health

Injury and Violence

Across the nation and the state of Oklahoma, unintentional and violence-related injuries are on the rise. Unintentional injuries account for the 4th leading cause of death in the United States and the 5th leading cause of death in Oklahoma from 1999-2002. For persons ages 1 to 44 in Oklahoma, unintentional injuries are the leading cause of death.

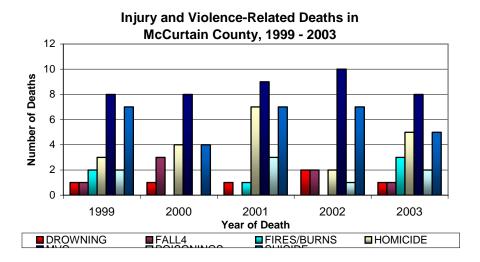
This trend does not change much in McCurtain County. Unintentional injuries are the leading cause of death from ages 5 to 34.

It is estimated that for every motor vehicle-related death \$1.1 million in economic costs are incurred. For McCurtain County which has an average of 8.6 motor vehicle-related deaths a year,

that translates to almost \$10 million a year.

Violence-related injuries (homicide

and suicide) in McCurtain County are ranked in the top 10 in seven of the eight age groups (see Top 10 list on page 3).



* Vital Statistics, Health Care Information Systems, OSDH & Centers for Disease Control

Tobacco Use

According to the 2005 State of the State's Health Report, tobacco use among Oklahomans has remained fairly stable from 1990 to 2002. Oklahoma has been consistently higher in its tobacco use than the nation and is 30% higher than the nation on the amount of tobacco consumed per capita (103 packs vs. 79 packs).

Tobacco use is no longer just the

problem of the individual but also the community as a whole. With health

care costs on the rise, targeting areas such as tobacco use is an effective way to control those costs.

In 2002, the CDC estimated that a person that used to-bacco accrued over \$3,300 in health care costs per year. According to the Be-

havioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, it is estimated that 25.7% (8,740)

of people in McCurtain County use tobacco of some sort. Medical costs accumulated by those persons are almost \$29 million a year for McCurtain County.

"Medical costs accumulated by those persons are almost \$29 million a year for McCurtain County"

Physical Activity, Wellness and Diabetes

The increasing inactivity of the U.S. population is contributing to an increase in numerous poor health-related outcomes. Physical inactivity robs the body of precious energy needed to function properly, in turn health declines and rates of various chronic diseases escalate.

According to the 2002-2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), it is estimated that 39.7%

(13,500) of people in McCurtain County had no leisure activity in the past month at the time they were surveyed.

The BRFSS also indicated that 6.1% (2,074) of McCurtain County citizens have been diagnosed by a health professional as hav-



Increase activity gradually. Moderate exercise for 30 minutes 5 days a week.

* Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Health Care Information System, OSDH & American Diabetes Association, 2002

ing diabetes. In 2002, the per capita annual healthcare costs for people with diabetes was \$13,243 compared to \$2,560 for people without diabetes. Persons with diabetes accumulated health care costs of \$27,465,982.00 in one year for McCurtain County.

Teen Pregnancy

While births to teen mothers (age 15 to 19) are on the decline in both the U.S. and Oklahoma, Oklahoma has moved up in rank from 13th to 8th in the country. In 1993 the rate of teen births

was 60.0 (per 1,000 15-19 year old females) in the U.S. and 66.6 in Oklahoma. In 2003, the rate decreased to 41.7 in the U.S. and 55.8 in Oklahoma, a decrease of

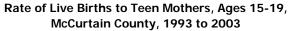
31% and 7%, respectively.

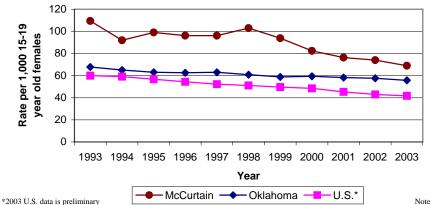
Children of teen mothers are more likely to display poor health and social outcomes than those of older mothers, such as premature birth, low birth weight, higher rates of abuse and neglect, and more likely to go to foster care or do poorly in school. Additionally, births to teen mothers accumulate \$3,200 a year for each teenage birth, which is passed on to citizens.

According to Oklahoma Vital Statistics, McCurtain County had a teen birth rate of 68.9 in 2003 which was a 7% decrease from 2002 (74) and a 37% decrease since 1993 (109.4).

With an average of 116 births per year, teen pregnancy costs the citizens of McCurtain County \$371,200.00 a year.

Note: 23 births to a mother 10-14 years of age occurred during the 11 year period.





Poverty

* U.S. Census Bureau

As the nation advances in technology and the ability to detect and prevent disease at an earlier stage, persons that are impoverished carry a large burden of poor health outcomes. Higher incidences of unplanned or unwanted pregnancies, teen pregnancy, inade-

quate prenatal care, higher rates of low-birth-weight babies, infant deaths and low immunization rates are all associated with poverty along with a myriad of other adverse health outcomes.

According to the 2000 census, 24.7% of persons in McCurtain

County for whom poverty status was known had an income below what was needed to live at the federal poverty level. McCurtain County is 68% above the state (14.7%) and 99% above the nation (12.4%) for persons with incomes below the federal poverty level.

Income to Poverty Ratio, McCurtain County, 2000 Census						
Poverty level	Total	50% below	51% to 99% below	poverty level to 149% above	150% to 199% above	200% and above
Population	33,786	2,952	5,403	5,282	4,332	15,817
Cumulative Population		2,952	8,355	13,637	17,969	33,786
% of Total	100.0%	8.7%	16.0%	15.6%	12.8%	46.8%
Cumulative %		8.7%	24.7%	40.4%	53.2%	100.0%

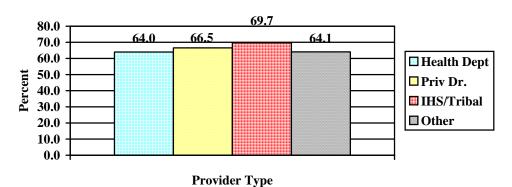
MCCURTAIN COUNTY Page 5

OK By One - State Immunization Data

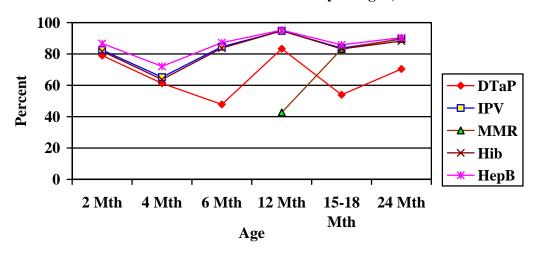
2003-04 Immunization Coverage Rates



4:3:1:3:3 Coverage by Location of Shots, Oklahoma, 2004

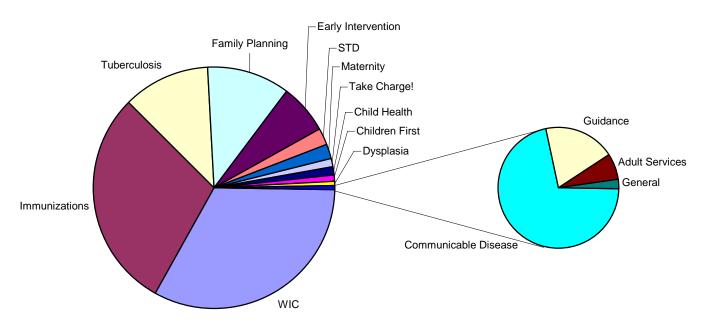


Oklahoma Children On Schedule by Antigen, 2004



**Note: County level data will be available soon.

Attended Appointments for McCurtain County Health Department, State Fiscal Year 05



Health Care Costs Summary

Cardiovascular Disease (Heart Disease)

- Average 127 deaths a year
- \$369,476.69 per death
- Total— \$46,923,539.63 a year

Obesity

- 28.9% of population (9,828)
- \$395.00 in additional medical costs per person
- Total—\$3,882,060.00



Motor Vehicle-Related Injury Death

- Average 8.6 deaths per year
- \$1,120,000.00 in economic costs per death
- Total—\$9,632,000.00 a year

Tobacco Use

- 25.7% of population (8,740)
- \$3,300.00 in health care costs
- Total \$28,842,000.00 a year

Diabetes

- 6.1% of population (2,074)
- \$13,243.00 in healthcare costs a year
- Total—\$27,465,982.00 a year

Teen Pregnancy

- Average of 116 births to teen mothers per year
- \$3,200.00 in costs for each birth a year
- Total—\$371,200.00 a year

Grand Total for McCurtain County:

\$117,116,781.63

MCCURTAIN COUNTY Page 7



OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Community Health Services
Community Development Service

1000 NE 10th St, Room 508 Oklahoma City, OK 73117 Phone: 405-271-6127 Fax: 405-271-1225 Email: miriamm@health.ok.gov

McCurtain County Health Department 1400 Lynn Lane Idabel, OK 74745 580-286-6620

Looking Back to Move Forward

Report compiled by: Miriam McGaugh, M.S. Community Development Service, OSDH Kelly Baker, MPH Health Care Information Systems, OSDH The Oklahoma Turning Point Initiative is public health improvement in action. The success of the Turning Point process involves a partnership between the state and county departments of health, local communities, and policy-makers. The Oklahoma Turning point engine is fueled by a community-based decision making process whereby local communities tap into the capacities, strengths, and vision of their citizens to create and promote positive, sustainable changes in the public health system, and the public's health.

McCurtain County Coalition For Change

We want to say Thank You to the members of the Coalition For Change in McCurtain County. You are doing a wonderful job!

- Area Prevention Resource Center (APRC)
- Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma
- · City of Idabel
- Idabel Minority Action Committee (IMAC)
- Little Dixie Community Action Agency
- McCurtain County Health Department
- McCurtain County Hospital
- McCurtain County Interlocal Cooperative/McCare
- McCurtain County Sheriff Department
- Oklahoma State Department of Health Turning Point staff
- Oklahoma State Department of Human Services
- Oklahoma State University Cooperative Extension Service
- Others
- Six School Districts

