Part 191

and Other Reporting Requirements for Natural Gas Pipelines

Part 191

- This part prescribes requirements for the REPORTING of:
 - Incidents
 - Safety related conditions
 - Annual pipeline summary data
 - Other reporting requirements



This Part Does Not Apply To:



191.1 (b)

- Offshore gathering of gas
 - Upstream from the outlet flange of each facility where hydrocarbons are produced
- Outer continental shelf upstream from the point where a production operator transfers responsibility to a transport operator

This Part Does Not Apply To:

- Onshore Gathering of gas
 - Through a pipeline operating at less than 0 psig
 - Through a pipeline not regulated (§192.8)
 - Within inlets of Gulf of Mexico,
 except for requirements of §192.612



A technician opens a pressure gas valve inside the Oil and Natural Gas Corp (ONGC) group gathering station on the outskirts of the western Indian city of Ahmedabad

Definition (§191.3)

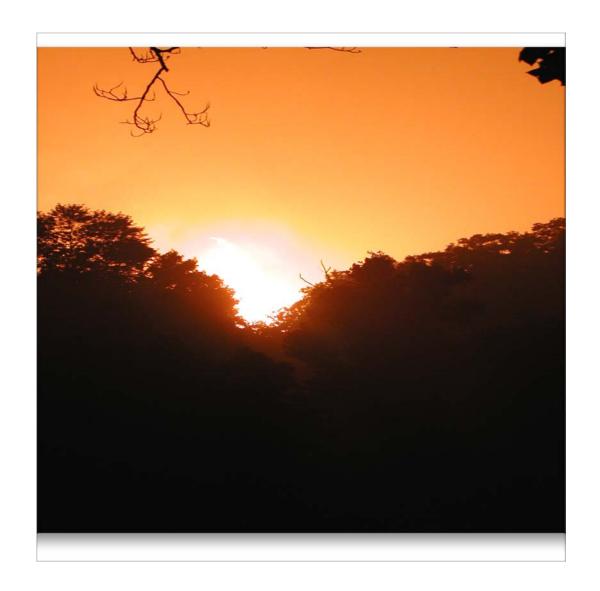
- Master Meter System:
- A pipeline system for distributing gas within, but not limited to, a definable area such as:
 - Mobile Home Park
 - Housing Project
 - Apartment Complex
- Supplies the "Ultimate Consumer"
 - Where the Operator Purchases Metered
 Gas from an Outside Source for Resale



Incidents (§191.3)

If you go out to a site on or near a pipeline and you see this:

You May Have an Incident



30" pipeline operating at 800 psi at 11 o'clock pm. Glow seen for 30 miles



Hole the next morning.



Glow in the sky from a 40,000 HP compressor station being destroyed by tornados. Know of at least a dozen people whose lives were saved due to the glow in the sky, and being able to see the tornados.



40,000 HP station destroyed by 2 or more F-2 tornados.



Minneapolis, MN March 17, 2011

The explosion happened in a 20-inch steel line that was installed in 1994. No one lost power, except for those who asked for the gas to be shut off. Minneapolis 911 did not receive any calls about a gas leak in the area prior to the fire.



A gas main explosion in a Northeast Philadelphia neighborhood that sent a 50-foot fireball into the sky, left one person dead (gas company employee), injured five others and forced dozens of residents from their homes

- Incident means any of the following events:
 - A release of gas, LNG, LPG, refrigerant gas, or gas from LNG facility that results in one or more of the following consequences:

 Death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization

 Estimated property damage of \$50,000 or more, including loss to operator and others, but excluding the cost of gas lost

 Unintentional estimated gas loss of three million cubic feet (3,000 MCF) or more



Emergency
 Shutdown of an LNG
 Facility

(Activation of ESD for reasons other than an actual emergency does not constitute an incident)

Significant in Judgment of the Operator

Even though it doesn't meet criteria



Significant Events

- Operator should define these significant events
 - Lower thresholds for property loss
 - Emergency response
 - Media
 - Loss of Customers

Intrastate operators may be driven by state regulations



What should an operator do when there is a reportable incident?

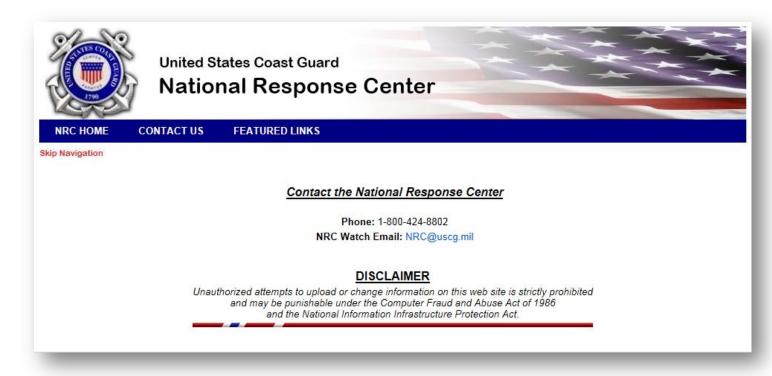
- Activate Emergency Response Plan
- Notify the NRC "at the earliest practicable moment following discovery" (§191.5)
- (Within One Hour)

Practicable

- Section 9(b)(1) of Pipeline Safety, Regulatory Certainty, and Job Creation Act of 2011
 - Issue regulations requiring NRC notification with one hour of discovery of incident
- ADB 2013 01
- Notice as soon as practicable following confirmed discovery of incident, or not later that one hour following the time of a confirmed discovery

§191.5 - Immediate Notice

- National Response Center 1-800-424-8802
 - http://www.nrc.uscg.mil
- Online Reporting No Longer Available!



ONLINE REPORTING

§191.7

- Online Report Requirements
 - https://portal.phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline
 - · OPID
 - Username
 - Password



Post-Incident

- Complete an incident form as soon as practicable, but within 30 days
 - §191.9 (distribution) or §191.15 (transmission)
- Filed electronically (§191.7)
 - Form RSPA F 7100.1 (Distribution) or
 - Form RSPA F 7100.2 (Transmission)
- Additional supplemental reports as needed OPERATORS EXEMPT
- Final report

What happens if an operator calls the NRC and discovers later that this is not a reportable incident?



Not an Incident?

- NRC reports cannot be rescinded
- No 30 day report required
- Courtesy call to PHMSA or appropriate State Agency



Not an Incident?

• If after filing the 30 day report, the operator determined the event does not meet the definition of an incident, the operator must send a letter requesting the incident be rescinded.

Only operator can rescind report!

Report Submission

- §191.7 If electronic reporting imposes an undue burden and hardship, operator may submit written request for an alternative reporting method.
 - Request must describe the undue burden and hardship
 - PHMSA will review request, and may authorize in writing and alternative reporting method.

Report Submission

 Operator may still be required to file a written report with your state regulatory agency!

 Reporting to the NRC will NOT automatically send a copy to the state

- Complete all parts of the report accurately and especially what type of report, original, supplemental, or final.
- An original report will be the first report turned in, a supplemental may be turned in after the original if more information has been discovered since the original report has been submitted.
- List all injuries and fatalities and whether they were employee's, contractor's, or the public.

Gas Transmission Incident Report Form

U.S. Department of Transportation Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration	INCIDENT REPORT – NATURAL AND OTHER GAS TRANSMISSION AND GATHERING PIPELINE SYSTEMS		OMB NO: 2137-0522 Expires: 1031/2016 Report Date No.
information requested and pro- one from the PHIMSA Pipeline : PART A.— KEY REPORT INFORMATI Last Revision Date 1. Operator's OPS-issued Operator loi 2. Name of Operator: 3. Address of Operator: 3.a. (Stree	ion subject to the requirement lumber. The CMB Control No. be approximately 10 hours- wing the collection of informa- ter or any other aspect of this- r, PHMSA, Office of Pipeline's e separate instructions ide specific examples. I safety Community Web ON Report Type: (sa	its of the Paperwork Reduction Acmber for this information collection between the property of	t unless that collection of information is 2137-0522. Public reporting for this reviewing instructions, gathering the reviewing instructions, gathering the upgestions for reducing this burden to: wenue, SE. Washington, D.C. 20590. We you begin. They clarify the the instructions, you can obtain sovepipeline library forms.
3.c State: [
4. Local time (24-fir clock) and date of the Incident:		National Response Center Repo	e of initial telephonic report to the plicable):
Incident resulted from: Unintentional release of gas Intentional release of gas Reasons other than release of	gas		
9. Gas released: (select only one, bas Natural Gas Propane Gas Synthetic Gas Hydrogen Gas Landfill Gas Other Gas ➡ Name: Other Gas Name:		eased)	
10. Estimated volume of gas released	unintentionally:	_	ousand Cubic Feet (MCF)
11. Estimated volume of intentional an	d controlled release/blowdown	:	usand Cubic Feet (MCF)
12. Estimated volume of accompanying	g liquid released:	<u> </u>	<u>rrels</u>
rm PHMSA F 7100.2 (rev 10-2014)			Page 1 of 19

- Use of the federal incident investigation form may be helpful in gathering information for the report.
- Form changed in 2010. What used to be a 3 page form is now 20 pages. They have added questions regarding control room management, and added a number of categories for causes.
- Fill out all sections that apply to the incident.

Gas Transmission Incident Report Form

Annual Reports

- Due on March 15 for Preceding CY
 - §191.11- Distribution
 - §191.12 Distribution Systems: Mechanical Fitting Failure Reports
 - § 191.17 Transmission, gathering, and LNG

EXEMPT:

LPG System with less than 100 customers, LNG, and Master Meter Operators

Transmission Annual Reports

- Separate form for each commodity the operator carries
- Parts A E are to be completed once for each OPID commodity group annual report, covering ALL of the pipelines and/or facilities
- Parts F M are to be reported separately for Interstate and for Intrastate facilities, or by state, according to instructions

Transmission Annual Reports

- Integrity Management (IM) required reporting (§192.945) now part of annual report
- Parts F Integrity Inspections during year and actions take
- Subpart G Miles of baseline assessment and reassessment

Distribution Annual Report

- Separate Form for each State in which the System Operates
- "Part B" is system description, including
 - Miles of mains and services,
 - Materials,
 - Line sizes,
 - Number of services,
 - Decade of installation

Distribution Annual Report

• §192.1007 (g)

Report, on an annual basis, the four measures listed in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (e)(1)(iv) of this section, as part of the annual report required by § 191.11. An operator also must report the four measures to the state pipeline safety authority if a state exercises jurisdiction over the operator's pipeline.

§192.1007 (e)

- (i) Number of hazardous leaks either eliminated or repaired as required by §192.703(c) of this subchapter (or total number of leaks if all leaks are repaired when found), categorized by cause;
- (ii) Number of excavation damages;
- (iii) Number of excavation tickets (receipt of information by the underground facility operator from the notification center);
- (iv) Total number of leaks either eliminated or repaired, categorized by cause;

Definition of a "Leak"

- Unintentional Escape of Gas from the Pipeline Test Failures Not Included
- A Non-Hazardous Release that can be Eliminated by Lubrication, Adjustment, or Tightening is Not a Leak
- §192.1001 defines Hazardous Leak represents an existing or probable hazard to persons or property, and requires immediate repair or continuous action

Distribution Reports

- Part C aligns with IM requirements for reporting total leaks eliminated or repaired
 - Both total leaks and hazardous leaks
- Align with IM Requirements
 - Corrosion
 - Natural Forces
 - Excavation
 - Other Outside Force Damage
 - Material and Welds
 - Equipment
 - Incorrect Operations
 - Other

Gas Distribution Annual Report Form

CAUSE-OF-LEAK®	۰			
	Mainso		Services	
	Totalo	Hazardouso	Totalo	Hazardouso
CORROSION=				
NATURAL·FORCES=	n		п	
EXCAVATION-DAMAGE:	п		п	3
OTHER-OUTSIDE: FORCE: DAMAGE=		=	в	
MATERIAL-OR-WELDS=	п			
EQUIPMENT: =				
INCORRECT: OPERATIONS=	D D		B	
OTHER=				
¶ NUMBER: OF: KNOWN: SYSTEM: LEAKS	·AT·END·OF·YEAR·SCHE	DULED: FOR: REPAIR:	<u> </u>	
PART:D:EXCAVATION: DAMAGE:	PART-E:EX	PART-EEXCESS-FLOW-VALVE-(EFV)- DATA-=		
Number of Excavation Damages Number of Excavation Damages Number of Excavation Tickets Number of Excavation Tickets		Installed Durin	¶ Total·Number Of·EFVs·on·Single-family· Residential·Services· Installed·During·Year¶ ¶ Estimated·Number of·EFVs·In·System·At·End·Of·Year ¶	

Distribution Reports

- IM reporting requirements (§192.1007(e)) have been added to form
 - Part D Excavation tickets and damage
- DIMP §192.1001 Excavation Damage means any impact that results in the need to repair or replace an underground facility due to a weakening, or the partial or complete destruction, of the facility, including, but not limited to, the protective coating, lateral support, cathodic protection or the housing for the line device or facility.

Excess Flow Valves

- §192.383 (c) Excess flow valves
 - Each operator must report the EFV measures detailed in the annual report required by §191.11
- Report two numbers:
 - Estimated number of EFVs in system
 - Cumulative number
 - Add current year to last years number
 - Understand accuracy issues
 - Total number installed during past year

§191.12 Mechanical Fitting Failure Reports

- Each Mechanical fitting failure as required by §192.1009 must be submitted on Mechanical Fitting Failure Report Form PHMSA F-7100.1 -2
 - Each mechanical fitting failure that occurs within a calendar year not later than March 15 of the following year, or
 - Operator may submit its reports throughout the year
- If state has regulatory authority, also report to state.

Mechanical Fitting §192.1001

- Mechanical fitting means a mechanical device used to connect sections of pipe. The term "Mechanical fitting" applies only to:
 - Stab Type fittings;
 - 2) Nut Follower Type fittings;
 - 3) Bolted Type fittings; or
 - 4) Other Compression Type fittings

 Each operator shall report the existence of any of the following safety related conditions





 Any Condition that causes a 20% or more Reduction in Operating Pressure or Shutdown of Operation



 Unintended Movement or Abnormal Loading by Environmental Causes which could affect the serviceability or the

Structural Integrity of the Pipeline



- A leak that constitutes an emergency
 - Emergency responders such as police or fire department are on scene.



 Any Malfunction or Operating Error that causes the pressure to exceed MAOP plus buildup.



- General Corrosion
- Localized Corrosion Pitting
 - To a degree where Leakage Might Result
 - Where Wall Loss due to Corrosion Requires the

MAOP to be Reduced

Pipelines operating at 20% SMYS or more

 Any Material Defect or Physical Damage that Impairs the Serviceability

Pipelines operating at 20% SMYS or more



Any Crack or other Material Defect

that Impairs the Structural Integrity

or reliability of an

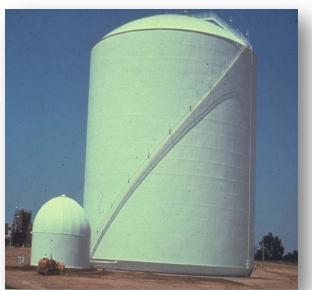
LNG Facility

LNG Facilities



 Inner Tank Leakage, Ineffective Insulation, or Frost Heave that impairs the Structural Integrity of an LNG Storage Tank

LNG Facilities



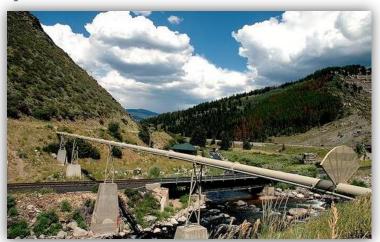
SRC Reporting Exceptions

- Exists on a Master Meter System or a Customer-Owned Service Line
- Is a Reportable Incident
- Exists on a Pipeline that is more than 220 yards from any Building Intended for Human Occupancy
- Is corrected Before the Deadline for filing

SAFETY- RELATED CONDITIONS

- Reports are required for:
- Conditions within the Right-of-Way of
 - an Active Railroad, Paved Road, Street,
 - or Highway, or within 220 yards of a building suitable for human occupancy





SAFETY- RELATED CONDITIONS



- Reports are required for:
 - GeneralCorrosion
 - Localized Pitting on Bare pipelines

Filing Safety Related Condition Reports (§191.25)

- Within 5 working days of Determination
- No more than 10 working Days After Discovery
- No specific form
 - Information Requirements are in §191.25

InformationResourcesManager@dot.gov

Fax to (202) 366-7128

Time Frame For Submitting Safety Related Condition Reports

MON-TUE-WED-THU-FRI-SAT*SUN*MON-TUE-WED-THU-FRI-SAT*SUN*MON
*DISCOVER
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
*DETERMINE
1 2 3 4 5

Working days excludes Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal Holidays

Information Websites

- PHMSA Forms and Reporting Instructions
- http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline/library/forms
- PHMSA Pipeline Safety Regulations
- http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline/tq/regs
- PHMSA National Pipeline Mapping System
- http://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/

Any Questions??





THANKS!

Bryan Kichler
Pipeline Safety Specialist
PHMSA Training and Qualifications
Bryan.Kichler@dot.gov