



ANNUAL REPORT

Fiscal Year 2025

Overdose Prevention Services

Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services,
Prevention Services Division

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Prevention Services End of Year Report 2025
September 30th 2025

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This publication has been submitted in compliance with Section 3-114 of Title 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes.*

OVERDOSE PREVENTION

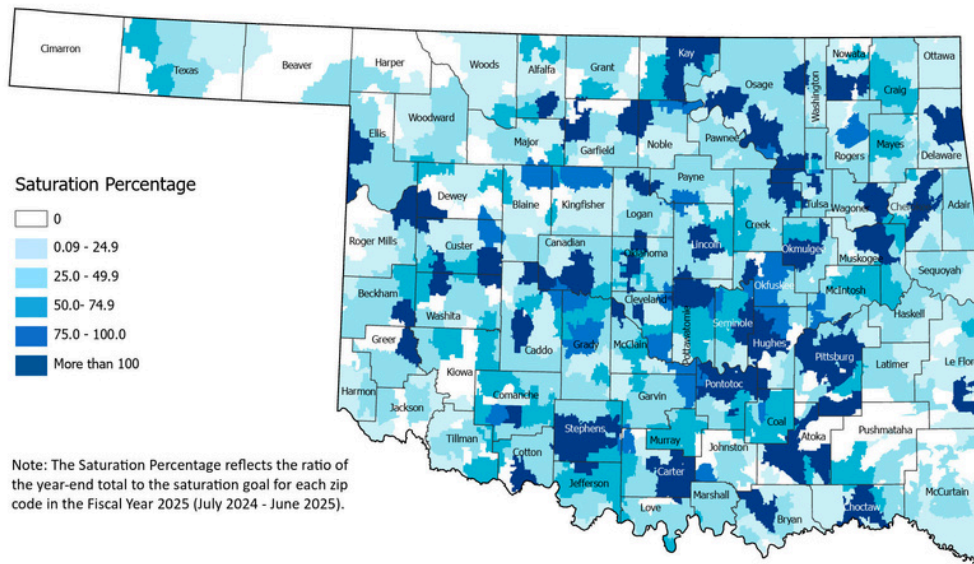
The Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences – Center for Rural Health (OSU-CRH) provided evaluation services for the Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (ODMHSAS) Prevention Division during Fiscal Year 2025 (July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2025). As part of this work, OSU-CRH collected and analyzed program data, developed evaluation reports, and provided training and technical assistance to ODMHSAS staff and subrecipients. This report summarizes the outcomes of those efforts and offers an overview of overdose prevention initiatives carried out by the Prevention Division during the fiscal year.

ODMHSAS continues to implement evidence-based strategies aimed at reducing the risk of drug overdose across Oklahoma. These strategies include the distribution of Naloxone kits and Fentanyl test strips, which are made available through partnerships with law enforcement agencies, local coalitions, Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinic and other trusted community organizations. These partnerships serve as key distribution hubs, helping expand access to life-saving resources and equipping individuals and communities with tools to respond effectively in overdose situations.

OVERDOSE PREVENTION

The state of Oklahoma, and ODMHSAS by extension, has greatly increased their efforts in overdose prevention efforts over the past years. A Naloxone saturation plan was developed with a target of distributing and maintaining the equivalent of 1% of the residents in each zip code (with a 5-kit minimum). The following maps show the Naloxone saturation rate of the state of Oklahoma based on distribution by the ODMHSAS through law enforcement partnerships, hubs, and OK I'm Ready for State Fiscal Year 2025.

**ODMHSAS Funded Naloxone Distribution by Zipcode
Fiscal Year 2025**



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Map Updated: September 2025

Saturation of 100% or more was achieved in 94 zip codes. Overall, 568 out of 659 total zip codes received Naloxone through ODMH and their partners. This does not account for Naloxone that was distributed in previous years, so the true saturation rate including Naloxone that has not been used or expired is likely higher for some zip codes.

It is important to note that Naloxone distribution by other organizations, agencies, tribes, etc. throughout the state are not reflected in the map.

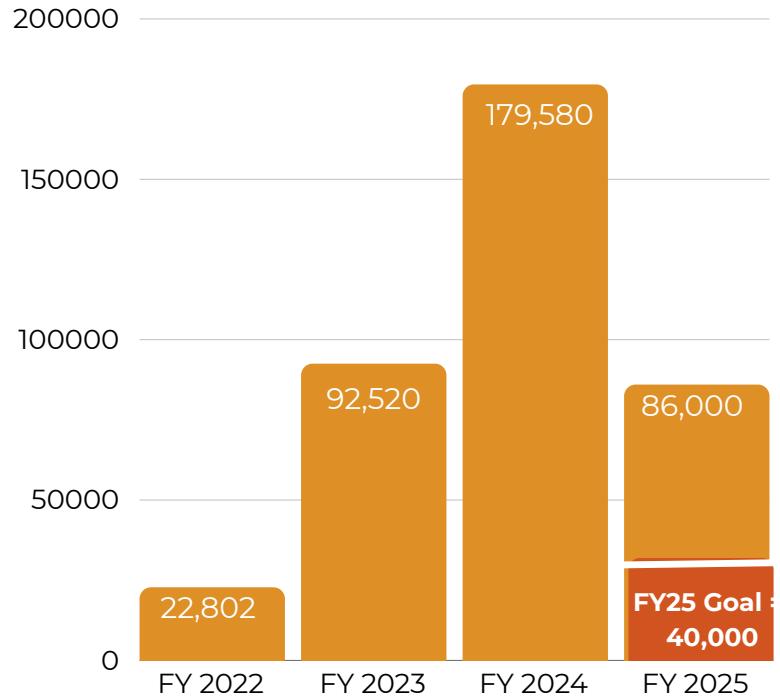


OVERDOSE PREVENTION

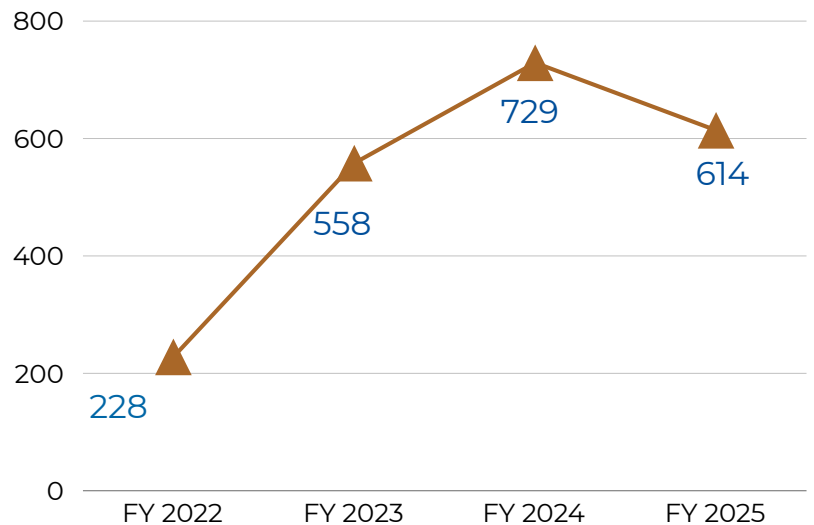
Naloxone distribution by ODMHSAS saw an increase from FY 22 through FY 24, rising from 22,802 doses in FY 22 to a peak of 179,580 in FY 24. In FY25, distribution totaled 86,000 doses, a decrease from the previous year but still more than double the agency's goal of 40,000. The overall trend reflects a strong expansion in access to Naloxone over time, supporting statewide overdose prevention efforts and increasing community preparedness to respond to opioid-related emergencies.

These data only reflect reversals reported by local law enforcement, hubs, and individuals completing the OK I'm Ready online form. Reporting by Naloxone hubs and through OK I'm Ready are mainly reported by individuals when they request Naloxone kit replacements; therefore the number is likely underestimated.

Naloxone Distributed by ODMHSAS by Year



Overdose Reversals from Naloxone Disseminated by ODMHSAS by Year



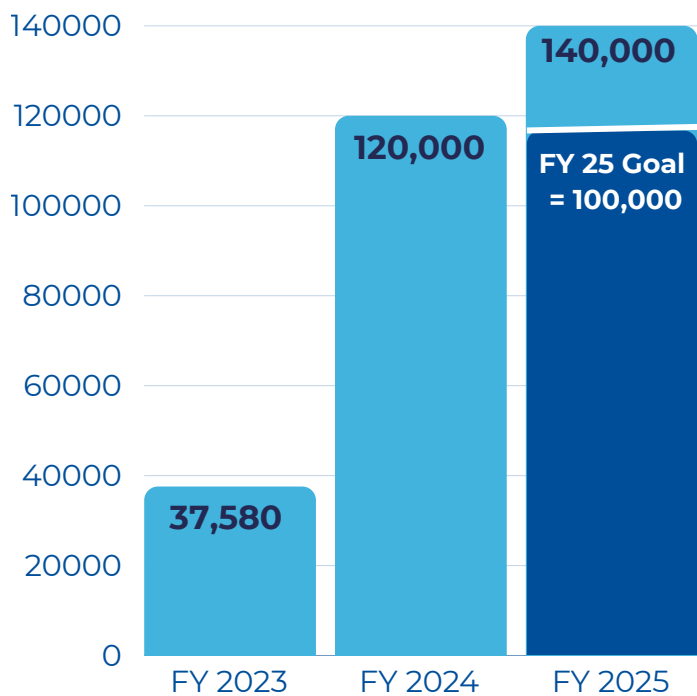
OVERDOSE PREVENTION

Additionally, a significant measure to report is overdose reversals through the distribution of Naloxone kits. The ODMHSAS in partnership with law enforcement distribute Naloxone kits, contributing to overdose reversals. The overdose reversals reported below are only for Naloxone kits distributed by ODMHSAS in partnership with law enforcement. Naloxone distributed by other organizations, agencies, tribes, and other entities throughout the state are not reflected.

There were 223 overdose reversals using Naloxone from law enforcement partners in FY 25, which is a slight decrease from 372 overdose reversals from law enforcement partners in FY 24

In addition to Naloxone kits, the ODMHSAS distributes Fentanyl test strips through the OK I'm Ready mailout distribution program. Fentanyl is a powerful synthetic opioid that can be found in heroin, cocaine, meth, counterfeit pills and even marijuana and is increasingly attributed to a significant number of unintentional overdoses.

Fentanyl Strips Distributed by ODMHSAS by Year



ODMHSAS continued to expand Fentanyl test strip distribution efforts in FY25, exceeding its annual goal. The number of strips distributed increased steadily each year, reflecting a growing commitment to overdose prevention and community education. This upward trend demonstrates the agency's focus on getting life-saving tools into the community.

CONCLUSION

The ODMHSAS has continued to make significant progress in expanding access to overdose prevention resources across Oklahoma. Distribution of Fentanyl test strips has increased year over year since 2023, surpassing the FY 2025 goal of 100,000 by more than 40,000, a clear indicator of growing community engagement in overdose prevention strategies. Naloxone distribution also reflects major progress: although FY 25 saw 86,000 doses distributed, a decrease from the FY 24 peak, it remains more than double the agency's goal of 40,000 and demonstrates sustained expansion in access compared to FY 22 levels.

Outcome data further highlight these trends. Reported overdose reversals decreased slightly from 729 in FY 24 to 614 in FY 25, yet remain significantly higher than the 2022 and 2023 totals. Law enforcement partners reported 223 reversals in FY 2025, compared to 372 in FY 2024. While this decrease could be related to broader community access to Naloxone, it is difficult to determine the full impact due to limitations in reporting. Importantly, these numbers are likely underestimates, as reversal reports are limited to law enforcement, Naloxone hubs, and individuals submitting replacement requests through the OK I'm Ready online form.

Despite these fluctuations, the overall trend demonstrates strong progress in prevention and preparedness. Areas with historically high opioid overdose rates have now reached targeted saturation levels of Naloxone kits, ensuring that life-saving resources are widely available where they are most needed. However, some zip codes remain underserved, presenting opportunities for further expansion and equity in overdose prevention.

Looking forward, ODMHSAS can strengthen its impact by addressing gaps in data reporting. The sensitive nature of overdose events and persistent stigma may limit the willingness of individuals and organizations to report reversals, yet improving the quality and completeness of this information will provide critical insights into the effectiveness of statewide efforts. By combining expanded distribution with more robust data collection, ODMHSAS can continue to drive progress toward reducing opioid-related harm and saving lives across Oklahoma.