Admission and Exclusion Criteria

Level of Care:
Oklahoma Crisis Stabilization Unit



Who We Are

Crisis Stabilization Units (CSU) offer 24/7/365 intensive, short-term stabilization for individuals experiencing a behavioral health emergency (mental health and substance use). This intervention includes a bed for a stay averaging between 5-7 days (Refer to Title 450: Chapter 23).

Services may include but are not limited to:

- · Triage services
- Co-occurring capable psychiatric crisis stabilization
- Co-occurring capable drug/alcohol crisis stabilization
- Person-Centered Treatment and Discharge Planning
- Medication Management and Administration



Admission Criteria:

- The individual is within age range of those served at facility.
- 2. The individual does not meet any of the exclusion criteria.
- Despite admission status, the individual is meeting emergency detention criteria per Title 43A.
- Less restrictive community resources have been determined to be inadequate to meet the needs of the person served.
- The individual has been ordered by the court for evaluation.

Exclusion Criteria:

Important Note: Walk-ins or those brought will not be denied screening, assessment, and referral to the appropriate level of care (transportation will be arranged when necessary and appropriate).

- Burns (severe) requiring acute care; if the burn could be cared for at home, it is not an exclusion.
- 2. Acute Delirium.
- 3. Dementia as primary diagnosis; in the absence of clinically significant psychiatric symptoms.
- 4. Acute head trauma/traumatic brain injury in absence of mental illness or substance use.
- Unstable fractures, open or closed and joint dislocations, acute, until reduced (Fractures that are secured via cast or splint are not to be excluded).
- Unstable seizure disorders (Having a seizure, seizures, or seizure disorder does not exclude).
- Bowel Obstruction, requiring active treatment or medical observation.
- 8. Acute Respiratory Distress.
- 9. In active acute drug/alcohol withdrawal that can ONLY be treated in a medical hospital setting.
- Active gastrointestinal bleed and/or active bleeding.

- 11. Active tuberculosis, MRSA, and other infectious disease requiring isolation and/or treatment by intravenous antibiotics. (To be discussed by providers based on facility's ability to provide).
- 12. Complex wound care (dependent on facilities ability to provide appropriate wound care).
- 13. Intravenous fluids or intravenous antibiotics.
- 14. Vent and Trach patients.
- 15. Oxygen dependent patients, dependent based on facility's ability to provide care. (Facilities will make all attempts to accommodate patient).
- 16. Tubes or drains, chest or abdominal, including ostomies and catheters (unless the individual provides their own care and equipment).
- 17. Dialysis patients.
- 18. Individuals requiring hospice or end of life care.
- 19. The individual is not within age range served by the facility.
- 20. The individual is currently incarcerated or in juvenile detention.
- 21. The crisis stabilization unit is NOT the least restrictive environment.
- Inability to complete Activities of Daily Living Skills not related to psychiatric or substance use symptoms (Facility will make all accommodations to ensure client access to least restrictive environment).
- 23. Uncontrolled insulin dependent diabetes.