2025-2050

Oklahoma Long Range Transportation Plan

Stakeholder Committee Meeting #1 November 7, 2024





Agenda

- Introductions
 - (Enter name and agency into chat box)
- Existing and Emerging Trends
- System Analysis
- Vision and Goals
- Schedule & Next Steps



Help Shape Oklahoma's Transportation Future!

ODOT is developing the 2025-2050 Long Range Transportation Plan to guide the future of highways, bridges, public transit, waterways, rail, airport access and pedestrian/bike paths.

Your input matters!

Scan the QR Code to share your transportation priorities.



oklongrangeplan.org



Attendees

- 1. Dawn Sullivan, ODOT Deputy Director
- Sarah McElroy, ODOT Multi-Modal & Planning
- 3. Alex Calvillo, ODOT Maintenance
- 4. Alex Couch, ODOT GIS
- 5. Andrew Underkoffler, TSET
- 6. Brandon Dungeon, ODOT Project Management
- 7. Brock Spencer, and Payton Herron, NODA/NORTPO
- 8. Chelley Hilmes, ODOT CFO
- 9. Clorisa Brown, COEDD/CORTPO
- 10. Cody Hamblin, ODOT Traffic
- 11. Colin Osborne, ODOT Bridge
- 12. Colton Snelling, ODOT GIS
- 13. Daniel Grisham, Tulsa Ports
- 14. David Yarbrough, Tulsa Ports
- 15. DeAngela Gaymon, Oklahoma Highway Safety Office
- Devon Westbrook, ODOT Multi-Modal & Planning
- 17. Taylor Massey, Chisholm Trail MPO
- 18. Eric Rose, ODOT Multi-Modal & Planning
- 19. Ethan Nall, Devon Energy

- 20. Gwen Johnson, ODOT GIS
- 21. Janelle Ivey, ODOT GIS
- 22. Jared Schwennesen, ODOT Multi-Modal & Planning
- 23. Jason Ferbrache, Regional Transportation Authority
- 24. Jason Giebler, ODOT Bridge
- 25. Jennifer Sebesta, ACOG
- 26. Jesse Rush, EMBARK
- 27. Joe Brutsche, ODOT Environmental
- 28. John Sharp, ACOG
- 29. Jon Chiappe, OK Commerce
- 30. Jonathan Stone, Lawton MPO
- 31. Julie Sanders, Director of Transportation SORTPO
- 32. Katelynn Burns, ODOT Director of Government & Community Affairs
- 33. Kendal Nicholas, ODOT Traffic
- 34. Kyle Henry, SCRTPO
- 35. Matt Larseingue, BNSF Railway
- 36. Laura Chaney, ODOT Multi-Modal & Planning
- 37. Lauren Wood, ACOG
- 38. Lori Peterson, OK Railroad Association
- 39. Lynda Ozan, OKSHPO

- 40. Matt Ingham, ODOT CMV Operations
- 41. Oliver Skimbo, City of McAlester
- 42. Owen Mills, OK Water Resources Board
- 43. Rich Brierre, INCOG
- 44. Rebecca Walner, Tulsa Transit
- 45. Rob Endicott, Cherokee Nation
- 46. Roland Sison, ODOT Bridge
- 47. Sam Coldiron, ODOT GIS
- 48. Scott Marr, Metro Link Tulsa
- 49. Shelby Deere, Muscogee Nation
- 50. Stephanie Gonterman, Isaacs & Associates
- 51. Tamara Shepherd, FMCSA
- 52. Thomas Dow, INCOG
- 53. Tricia Martinez, Isaacs & Associates
- 54. Tiecy Cotton, Union Pacific Railroad
- 55. Tom Robins, Facilitator of Oklahoma AV Working Group and Founder of Work Zone Safe, ODOT Work Zone and Move Over Safe training for all teen drivers in Oklahoma



Consultant Team

- 1. Jeff Carroll, High Street
- 2. Erin Dean, High Street
- 3. Rebecca Van Dyke, High Street
- 4. Ryan Caro, High Street
- 5. Matt Hawkins, High Street
- 6. David Moss, High Street
- 7. Robyn Arthur, HNTB
- 8. Kip Strauss, HNTB
- 9. Laura Davis, HNTB
- 10. Nahinli Billy, Poe & Associates
- 11. Carolyn Taylor, Jones PR



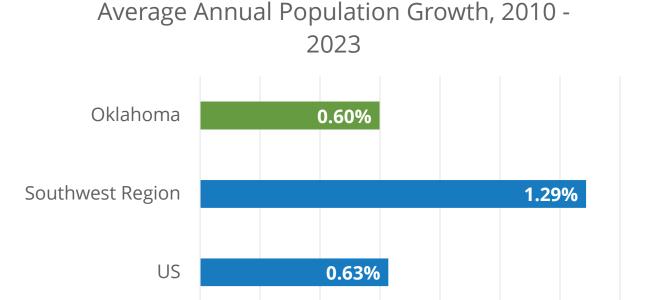
1. Existing & Emerging Trends





Population - Historic

- 2023 population: 4.05 million
- State population growth has been comparable to national rate
- Nearby states are growing much faster, especially Texas



*Southwest Region defined by US Bureau of Economic Analysis to include AZ, NM, TX, and OK

0.80%

0.60%

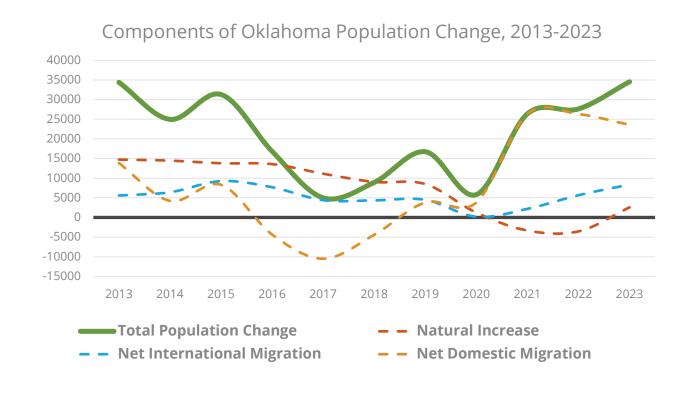


0.00%

1.40%

Population - Historic

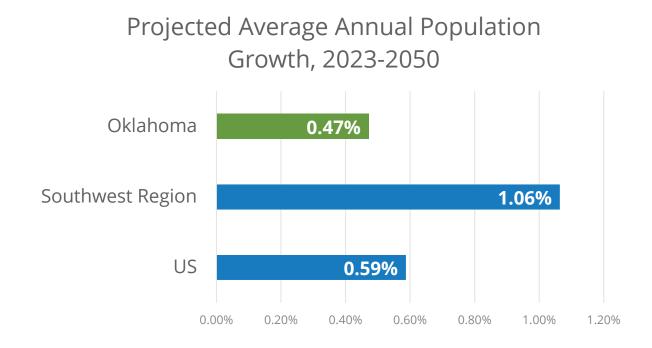
- 2023 population: 4.05 million
- State population growth has been comparable to national rate
- Nearby states are growing much faster, especially Texas
- Net domestic migration has been the primary driver of fluctuation in total population change in the last 10 years





Population - Projected

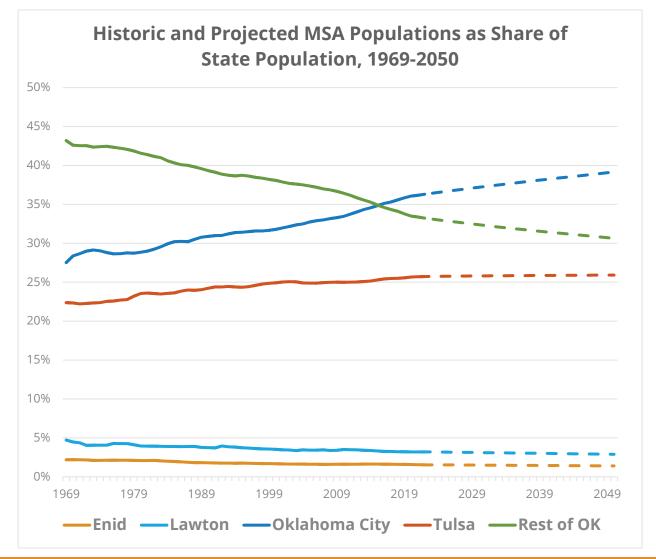
- Projected 2050 Population: 4.6 million
- Lower rate of growth than national
- Growth is centered in urban areas, while rural areas are steady or declining





Urban/Rural Trends

- Population growth will continue to be concentrated in the Oklahoma City and Tulsa metro areas
- Meanwhile, rural areas are shrinking, while smaller cities remain steady

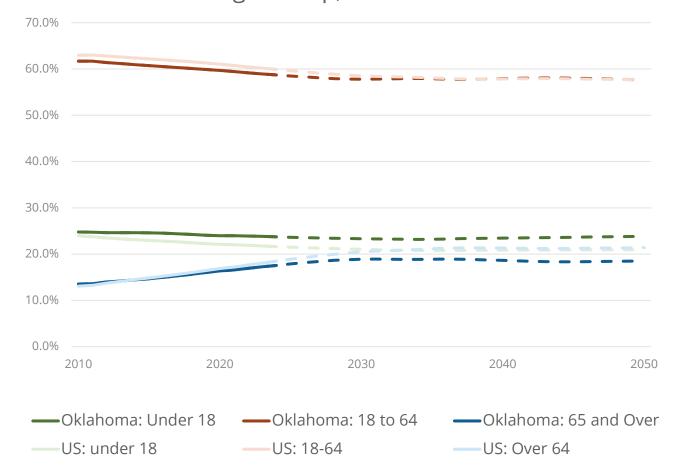




Age Trends

- Senior population has been rising, but is set to level off
- Most seniors live in rural areas
- Older individuals are sometimes less confident drivers, and modal alternatives can help them age in place

Historic and Projected Share of Population by Age Group, 2010-2050





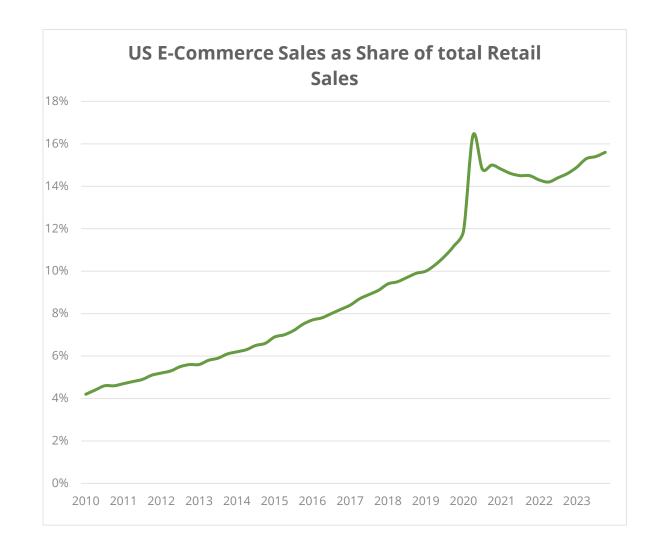
Broadband Access

- Increasingly important for accessing healthcare, education, and employment opportunities
- As of 2023, 9.7% of households don't have an internet subscription
 - Higher than national rate of 7.8%
 - Down from 2018 rate of nearly 18%
- Only 61.1% of residents have the option to purchase affordable wired service
- Rural and low-income areas are especially difficult to reach



E-Commerce

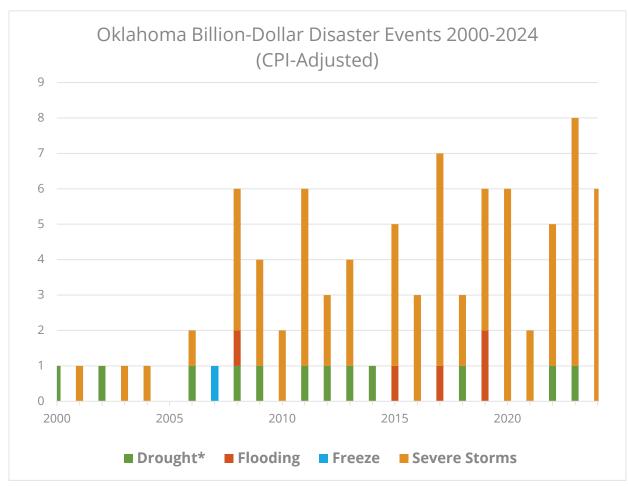
- Sales have nearly returned to all-time highs caused by Covid-19 pandemic
- Increases demand for last-mile delivery services
- Alters land use patterns as companies build out distribution centers





Extreme Weather

- All forms of extreme weather increased from 2000-2024
 - Between 1980-2024 average extreme weather events –
 2.5 per year
 - Between 2019-2023 average extreme weather events –
 5.8 per year
 - Affects ALL of ODOT's assets
- Since 2014, ODOT has used
 ShakeCast to support bridge inspections post earthquake



Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
*Deaths associated with drought are the result of heat waves, but not all droughts are accompanied by extreme heat waves. Data was not available for the 2005.



Advanced Mobility

Advanced mobility refers to innovation in transportation that utilizes technology to enhance safety, efficiency, and sustainability. Advanced mobility encompasses ground and air transportation systems:

- Advanced Air Mobility (AAM): A system of safe, affordable, and ultimately automated low-altitude air transportation for passengers and cargo in rural and urban areas.
- Advanced Ground Mobility (AGM): The development of technologies, such as AVs, machine learning, and artificial intelligence to improve safety, reduce congestion, and improve the movement of people and goods.

Oklahoma Advanced Mobility Strategy: Adopted in 2024, outlines Oklahoma's path forward through 2045 to align assets and resources for transportation innovation, economic development and workforce development. Provides a framework for policy development and implementation.

BENEFITS OF ADVANCED MOBILITY

transportation planning by reducing congestion, improving first-mile/last-mile services, and reducing overall transportation costs.

SAFETY: Reduces crashes and fatalities by utilizing autonomous air and ground vehicles.
Additionally, AAM can be utilized to access hard to reach and hazardous areas during emergencies.

RESILENCE: Increases system resiliency and sustainability.

ACCESS: Expands transportation affordability, convenience, and reliability for all users.

ECONOMY: Improves transportation systems and efficiencies for key Oklahoma industries, attracts and diversifies industry investment and creates high-quality jobs.



Road User Charge (RUC):

- Motor Fuel Tax Decline: Oklahoma's motor fuel tax is becoming less effective due to factors like improved vehicle efficiency and the rise of electric vehicles, leading to a projected \$7.86 billion revenue shortfall by 2050.
- Fair Miles Oklahoma Pilot: To address revenue decreases, the RUC Task Force was created to explore per-mile fees as an alternative. The program enrolled 445 volunteers and tested various mileage reporting methods, collecting over 1.1 million miles driven.
 - Key takeaways include the importance of **education**, **privacy concerns**, and challenges with **out-of-state fee collection**.
- RUC Task Force Recommendations:
 - A public education campaign,
 - Transition away from general revenue funding,
 - Develop a voluntary pay-per-mile program, and
 - Pursue **federal support** for RUC implementation.



Connected and Autonomous Vehicles (CAVs)

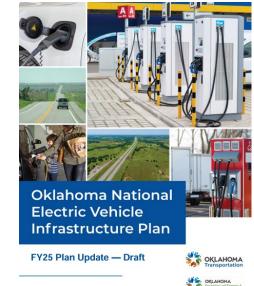
- **CAVs**: AVs combine Vehicle 2 Vehicle (V2V) communication and autonomous driving, with adoption driven by workforce, policy, and public perception in Oklahoma.
- Truck Platooning: V2V technology enables trucks to travel closely, boosting fuel efficiency and road capacity.
- CAV Infrastructure & Cybersecurity: CAVs require substantial infrastructure investments, such as fiber-optic cables, sensors, and communication protocols. Meanwhile, cybersecurity remains a critical concern as more vehicles and roadside devices connect to digital networks.



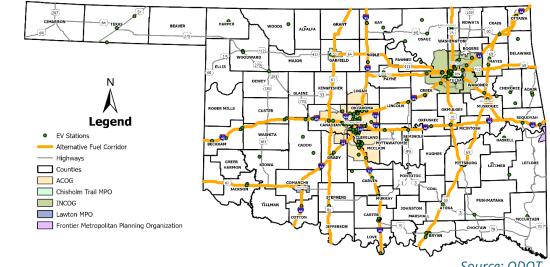
Electric Vehicles (EVs)

- **EV Growth**: U.S. EV manufacturing has seen \$188 billion in investments since 2015
- **EV Infrastructure in Oklahoma**: Through the NEVI program, OK aims to create a reliable and accessible EV charging network statewide. OK will receive \$66.3M in NEVI funding between 2022-2027
- Implementation: Oklahoma's 5-year NEVI plan will build chargers along highways, ensuring chargers every 50 miles on Alternative Fuel Corridor (AFC) routes.





Source: https://afdc.energy.gov/vehicle-registration

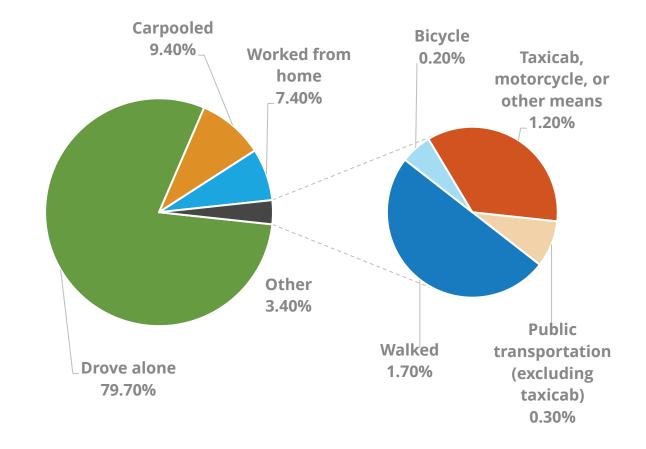




Commuting Patterns

- Most people use a car over 90% drive alone or carpool
- Rate of working from home more than doubled after Covid
- Mean commute time statewide was
 22.3 minutes in 2022

Mode Share of Oklahoma Commutes, 2022

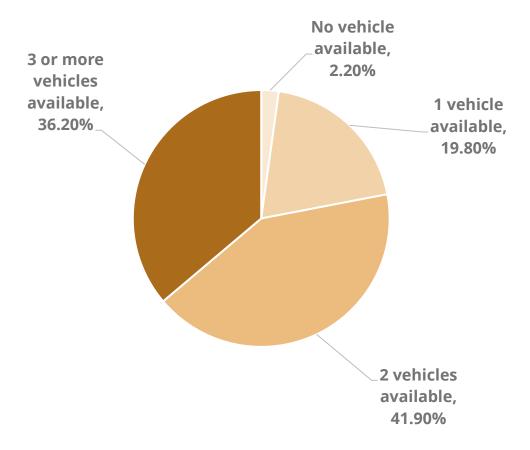




Access to a Vehicle

- Only 2.2% of households do not have access to a vehicle
- 78.1% have two or more

Share of Oklahoma Households by Vehicle Availability, 2022

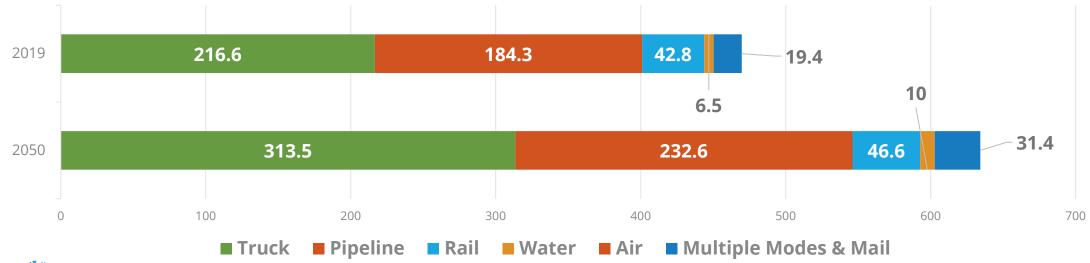




Freight Mode Share

- In 2019, 469.7 million tons of freight were handled in Oklahoma
- Projected to grow to 634.2 million tons by 2050 (35% increase)







2. System Analysis



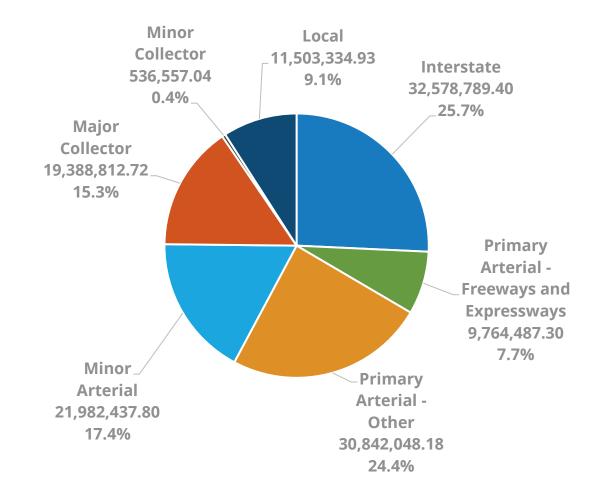


State Highway System

- ODOT Owns and Operates
 12,235 centerline miles
- Oklahoma Turnpike Authority operates another 615 centerline miles as tollfunded turnpikes
- Average DVMT is 126 million

| System | ODOT Centerline Miles |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Interstate | 672.9 |
| Non-Interstate NHS | 2509.9 |
| Other SHS | 9052.5 |

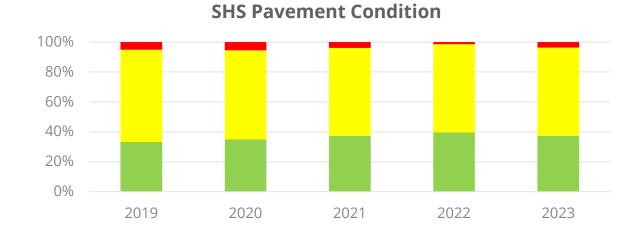
SHS daily VMT by System, 2023

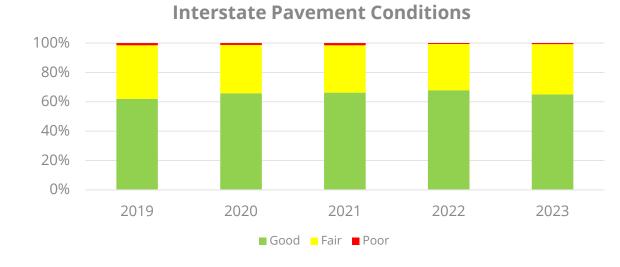




SHS Pavement Condition

- ODOT Conducts regular pavement inspections to maintain updated understanding of conditions statewide
- Condition has steadily improved over recent years, with particular emphasis on interstates







Rural Roadways

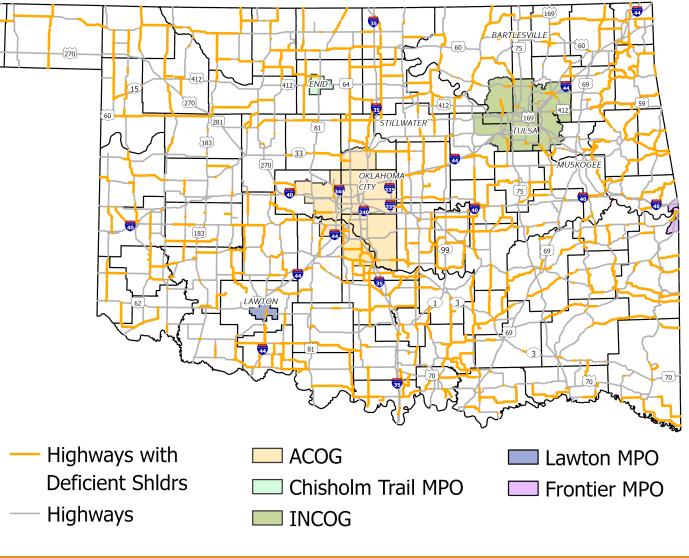


 Less than four feet of shoulder considered

"deficient"

Currently 5,162 deficient miles

 Wider shoulders create buffer for drivers to react to lane departure, avoid hazards

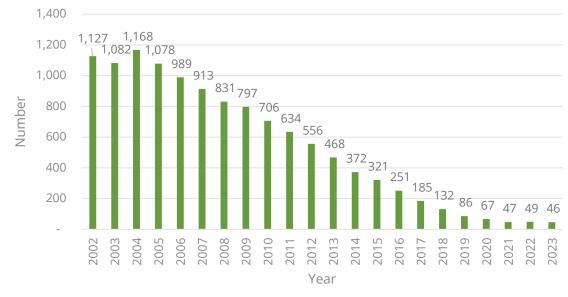




Bridge Conditions

- ODOT owns and maintains 6,800 bridges
- Significant progress has been made in reducing structurally deficient (SD) bridges from 1,168 in 2004 to 46 in 2024 (less than 1% which is now the state goal).
- Preventative Strategies: Bridge painting, joint rehabilitation, and the use of advanced materials to extend the lifespan of bridges.







Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) & Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO)

- ITS Network: ITS includes radars, cameras, message signs, and fiber optics to enhance safety and investment impact.
- Traffic and Safety Technology:
 - 85 Wrong Way Driving Systems
 - 729 Closed Circuit Television Cameras (CCTV)
 - 71 Dynamic Message Signs (DMS)
 - **37** Portable DMS
 - **163,270** strand miles of fiber optic cable
 - 32 Road Weather Information Systems (RWIS)
- Traffic Management Center (TMC): ODOT's TMC is fully virtual, providing remote access across ~40 consoles statewide.
- Future TSMO Goals: New focus areas include Freight, Special Event,
 Transit Management, and Connected Vehicles enhancements.

Public Transit

Rural Transit:

 Twenty rural transit operators provide fixed route and demand response services for small and rural communities

Urban Transit:

- Five urban transit operators provide fixed route and demand response services for urban communities
 - Edmond, Enid, Lawton, Norman,
 Oklahoma City and Tulsa

Tribal Transit:

Nine tribal agencies provide transit services



Source: Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority



Source: Lawton Area Transit System



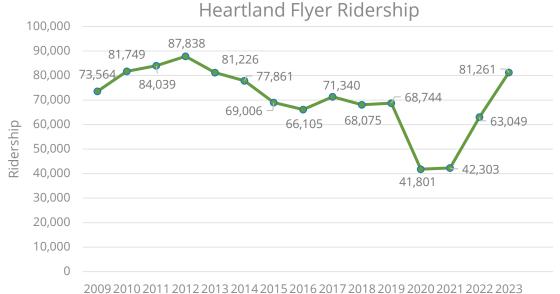
Source: Pelivan Transit



Public Transit – Passenger Rail

- Heartland Flyer Service: Operating for 25
 years, connecting Oklahoma City with Fort
 Worth, Texas, with stops in Norman, Purcell,
 Pauls Valley, Ardmore, and Gainesville, TX.
- Ridership: Ridership has rebounded post-COVID-19. The 2024 fiscal year is expected to have the highest ridership to date.
- Thruway Bus Service: Amtrak offers Thruway bus connections from Oklahoma City to the Southwest Chief Train in Newton, Kansas,
- Future Service: KDOT and ODOT are pursuing federal funding for an extension to Newton, KS.







OKLAHOMA

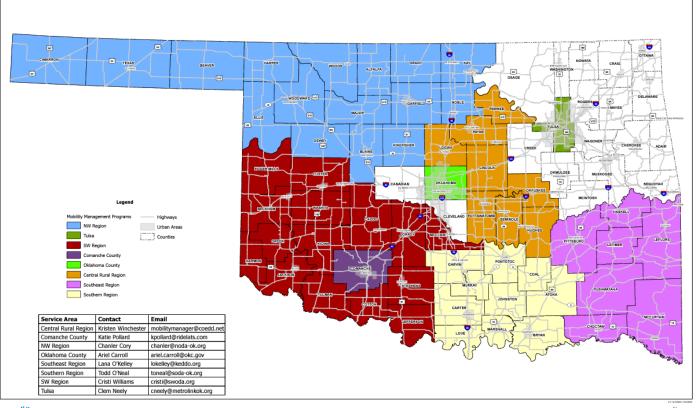
Transportation

Federal Fiscal Year

Source: ODOT Rail Programs Division

Public Transit - Mobility Management

Mobility management is a transportation strategy that focuses on addressing the needs of diverse community groups, such as older adults, people with disabilities, and individuals with lower incomes, through the coordinated use of various transportation providers.





Mobility Management Programs



Statewide Program Contact: Olivia Hook - Mobility Management Director, 405-625-2229, OHook@odot.org

Source: ODOT



Active Transportation

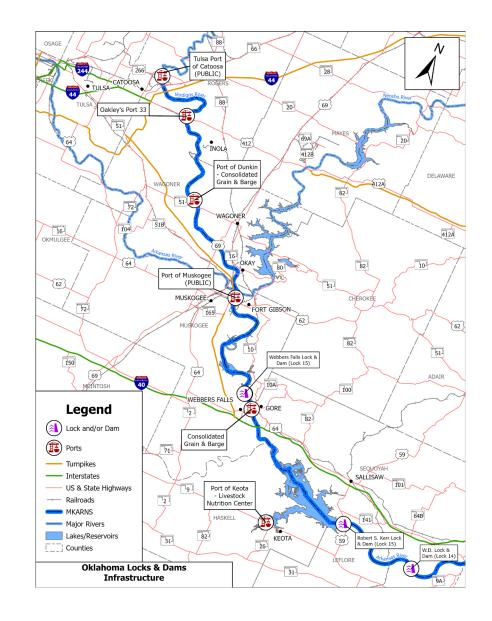
- Active Transportation
 - Multi Use Paths
 - Bike Lanes (Protected and On-Road Routes)
 - Unpaved Trails
- OK Active Transportation Network: The state promotes safe, accessible, and connected systems for walking, biking, and other active modes, enhancing public health, safety, and the environment.
- 2024 Active Transportation Plan: ODOT's first plan outlines policies and resources to integrate active transportation into roadway design, supporting local communities' efforts.





Ports and Waterways

- Oklahoma's portion of the MKARNS consists of the upper reaches of the 445-mile-long waterway linked to the Mississippi River.
- 137 miles of MKARNS in Oklahoma
- Six ports interspersed with five locks
- Recent Improvements
 - Port Inola rail connection is up and running with the UP
 - Port Muskogee upgraded their rail with a PIDP grant



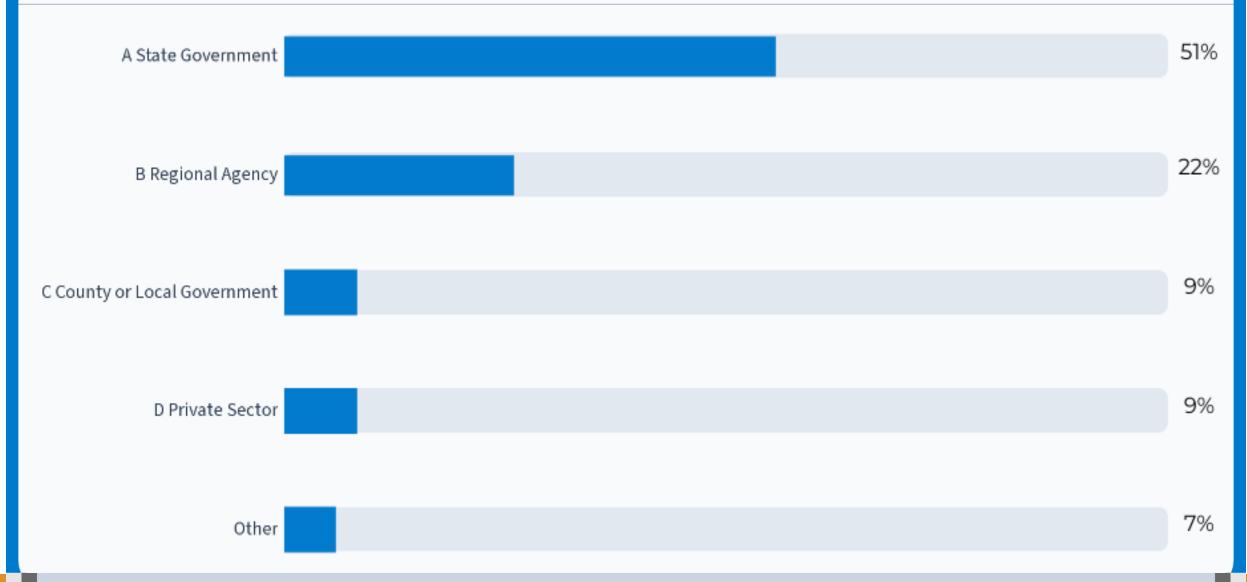


3. Goals and Objectives





What type of agency or organization do you represent?



Family of Plans Reviewed



Federal Plans

7 of which had goals and/or objectives, including the previous LRTP



State Plans

3 of which had goals and/or objectives



MTPs

All of which had goals and/or objectives



Tribal LRTPs

1 of which had goals and/or objectives



RTPs

All of which had goals and/or objectives



2045 LRTP Vision Statement

"to provide a connected, multimodal transportation system that supports a thriving economy and improved quality of life for Oklahomans by providing for safe and efficient movement of people and goods"



2045 Issues Identified

We identified 4 main issues with the goals and objectives from the past LRTP:

Overlapping Domains

Several goals share similar objectives with each other, making it difficult to differentiate the goals from each other

Ex: Both *Mobility and*Accessibility and
Economic Vitality talk
about connectivity

Lack of Clarity

Some objectives that **do not relate** to their
primary goals, and
others **re-state** what is
already stated in the
goal

Ex: Fiscal Responsibility discusses stakeholder coordination

Missing Themes

Certain themes
appeared in other state
or local plans, but were
not present in the
prior set of goals and
objectives

Ex: Possible themes to consider adding include resiliency, equity, and technology

Industry Jargon

Some goals are overly wordy, or use transportation and planning terms that are unfamiliar to a general audience

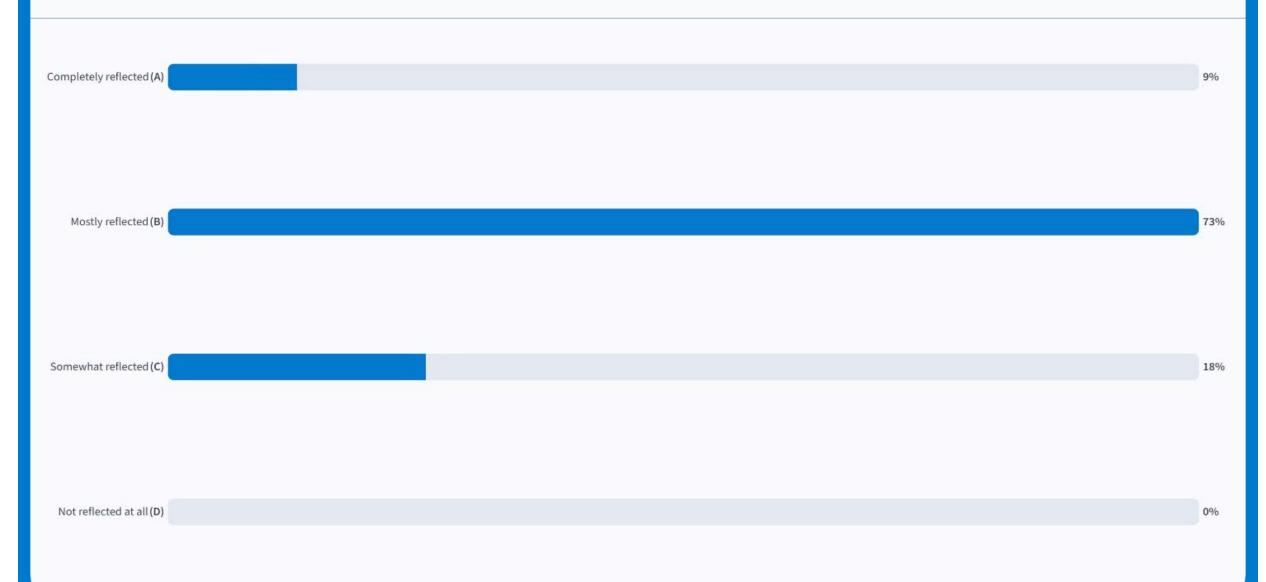
Ex: "Multimodal", "State of Good Repair"



2050 Goal 2045 Goal Explanation Recommendation **Safety and Security:** Ensure a Goal is already clearly safe and secure transportation | N/A: keep as-is defined, no update needed system for all users



To what degree are the priorities of Oklahoma reflected in the safety & security goal?



What word would you add to the safety & security goal?



2045 Goal

2050 LRTP Recommendation

Explanation

Infrastructure Preservation:

Preserve and maintain the condition of Oklahoma's multimodal transportation system in a state of good repair through risk-based, data-driven decision-making processes

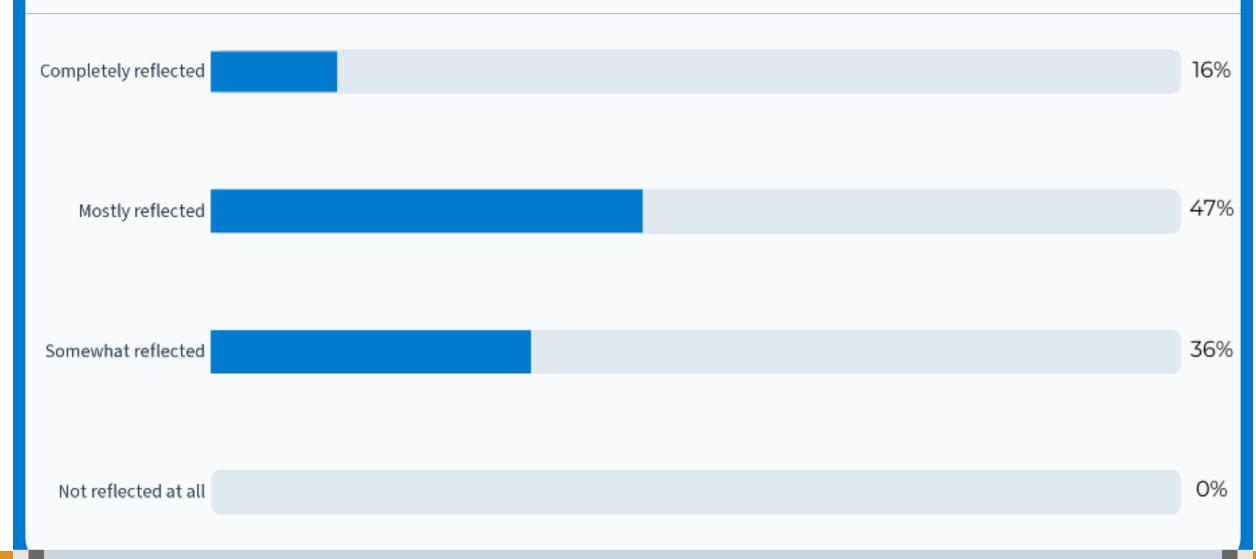
Infrastructure Preservation:

Preserve and maintain Oklahoma's transportation system in good condition

Risk-based, data-driven decision-making process language fits better as an objective (and is already included as such), "state of good repair" may not be clear to all readers







What word would you add to the infrastructure preservation goal?



Previous Recommendation Explanation

Mobility and Accessibility:

Facilitate the movement of people and goods, improve connectivity between regions and activity centers, and increase travel mode choices

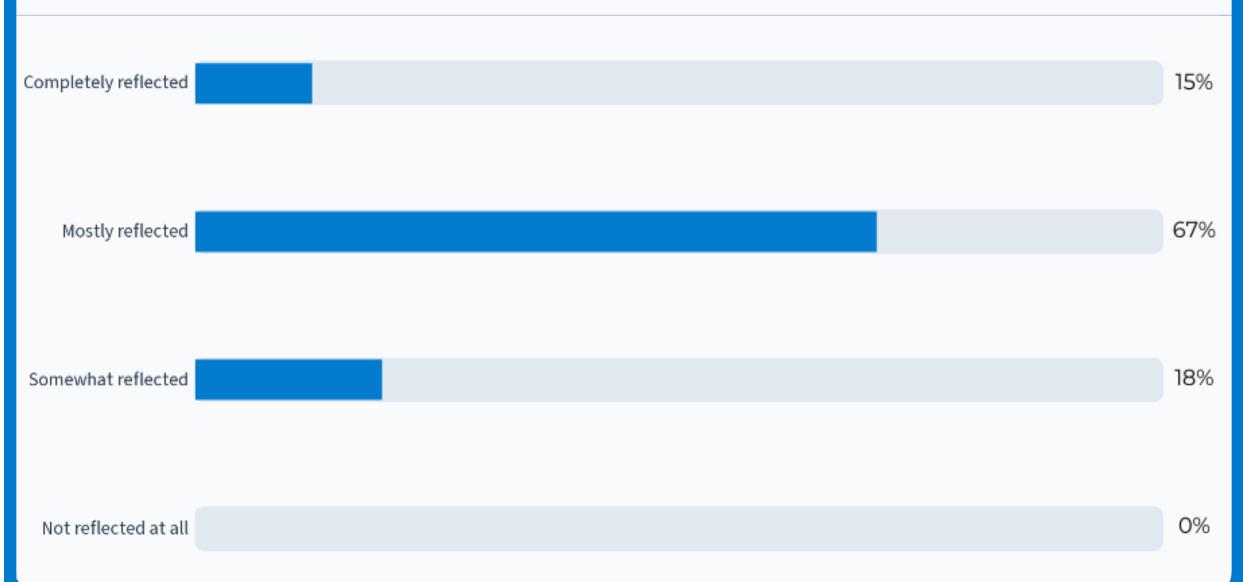
Mobility and Accessibility:

Ensure access for all users of the transportation system and increase travel options

Refocusing goal on access by removing the *connectivity* theme, and adding in new language regarding equity







What word would you add to the mobility & accessibility goal?



Previous Recommendation Explanation

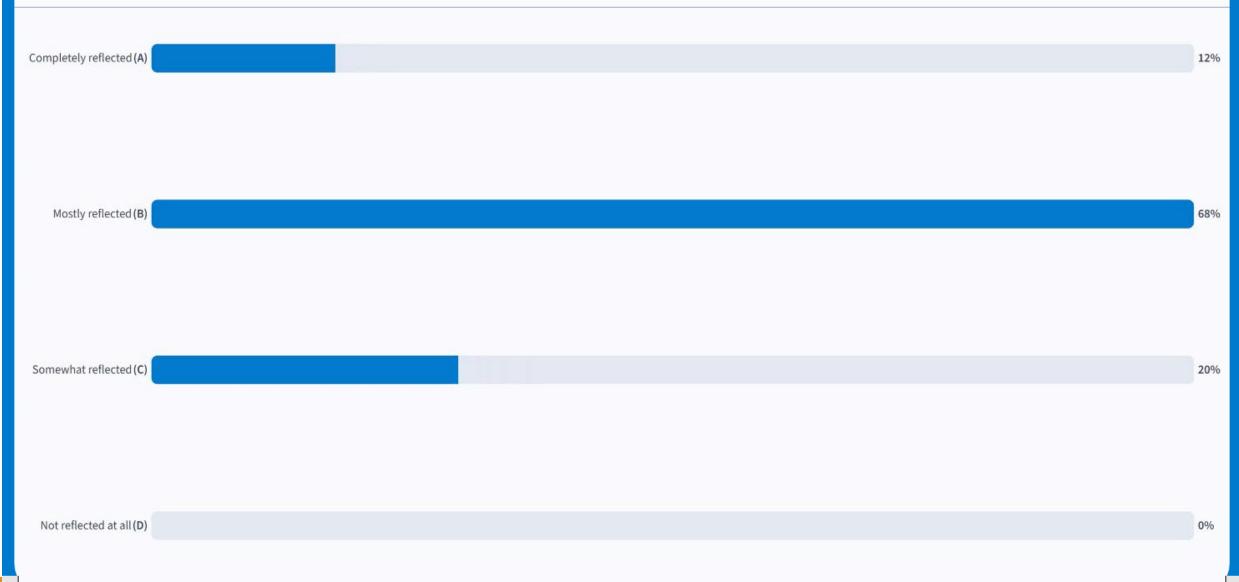
reliable multimodal transportation system for people and goods that coordinates with land development patterns, strengthens communities, and supports a healthy and competitive Oklahoma economy

efficient and well-connected transportation system to support a healthy and competitive Oklahoma economy

Refocusing goal on connectivity by removing the reliability theme, while also removing objective-centric language around communities and land-use



To what degree are the priorities of Oklahoma reflected in the economic vitality goal?



What word would you add to the economic vitality goal?



Previous

Recommendation

Explanation

Efficient Intermodal System Management and Operation:

Maximize system performance and operations

Fiscal Responsibility: Sustainably fund and efficiently deliver quality transportation projects while continuing to leverage additional resources in coordination with ODOT's partners

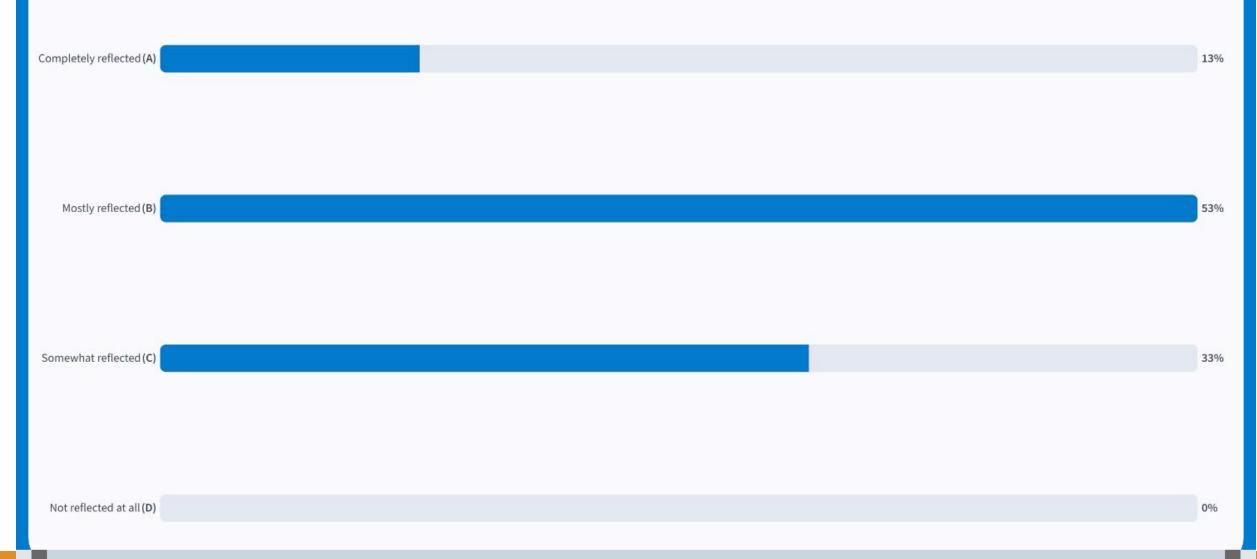
Operations and Management:
Sustainably fund and efficiently
deliver quality transportation
projects

Both of the previous goals are "internally" focused, concerned primarily with how ODOT operates, but many of their objectives are either shared with other goals or don't seem to relate at all.

Combining into a single goal allows it consolidate all related concepts, as well as new themes, such as technology.







What word would you add to the operations & management goal?



Previous Recommendation Explanation

Environmental Responsibility:

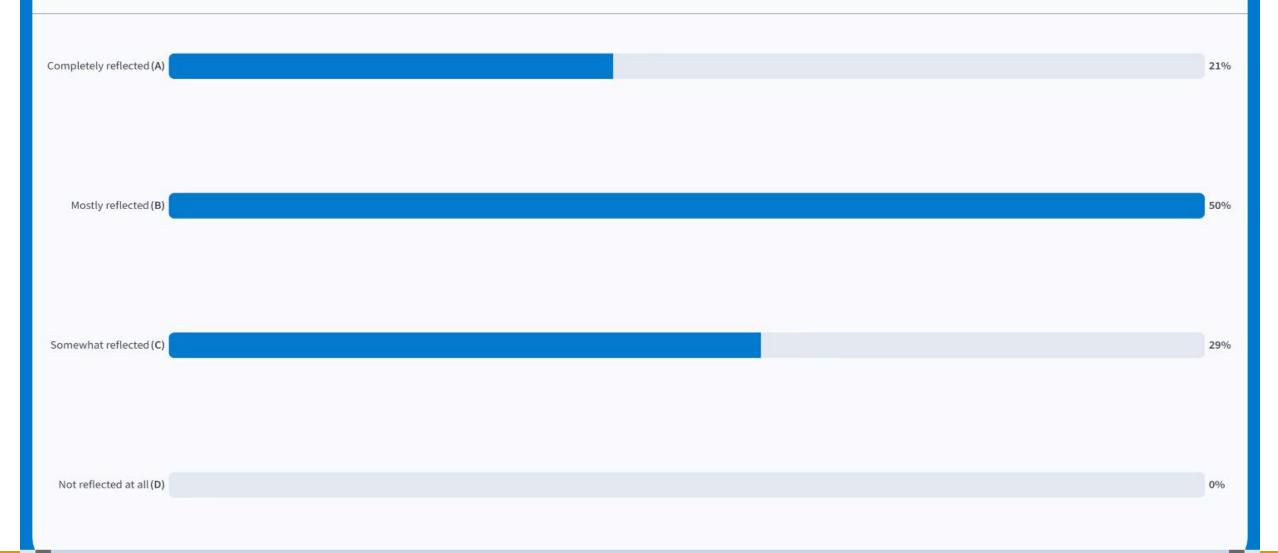
Minimize and mitigate transportation-related impacts to the natural and human environments

Environment and Quality of Life:

Minimize and mitigate transportation-related harm to natural environments, cultural resources, and public health Changing wording slightly to highlight (already-existing) focus on both environmental and human health



To what degree are the priorities of Oklahoma reflected in the environment & quality of life goal?



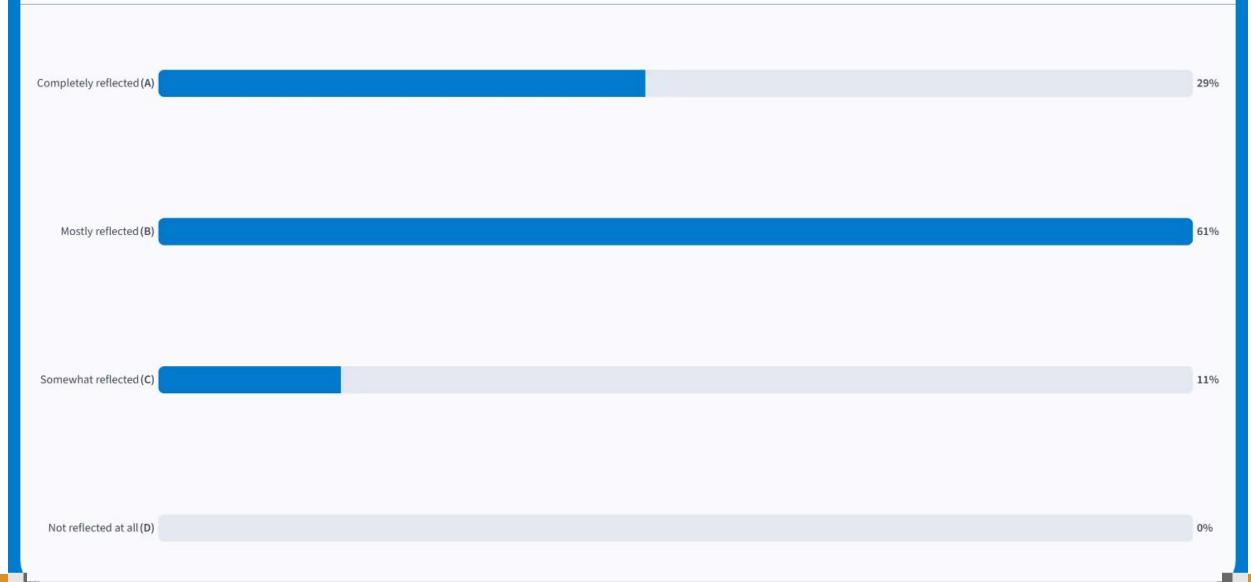
What word would you add to the environment and quality of life goal?

transportation groundlevelozone responsible particulatematter Climatechange compatible adverse resilient avoidharmaltogether improvecarbon emissions impact reduction fewerlanes proactive resilience sustaining

| Previous | Recommendation | Explanation |
|----------|---|--|
| | Resiliency and Reliability: Ensure the reliability of movement for people and goods by enhancing the resiliency and adaptability of the transportation system | New goal that incorporates themes of reliability (previously in <i>Economic Vitality</i>) and resiliency (previously missing) |







What word would you add to the resiliency and reliability goal?



What is missing from the draft Oklahoma 2050 LRTP goals?



What is currently included in the draft Oklahoma 2050 LRTP goals that should not be included?

Focus On Ev Remove The Word Harm from the EQOI Goal

4. Schedule & Next Steps





2050 LRTP Schedule

OKLAHOMA

Transportation

