# **Oklahoma Health Care Authority**

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) values your feedback and input. It is very important that you provide your comments regarding the proposed rule change by the comment due date. Comments can be submitted on the OHCA's Proposed Changes Blog.

### OHCA COMMENT DUE DATE: October 22, 2024

The proposed policy is an Emergency Rule. The proposed policy was presented at the September 3, 2024 Tribal Consultation Meeting. Additionally, this proposal is scheduled to be presented to the Medical Advisory Committee on November 7, 2024 and the OHCA Board of Directors on December 11, 2024.

Reference: APA WF # 24-14

**SUMMARY:** Hospice Benefit Expansion — In accordance with House Bill 3980 of the 2024 Regular Legislative Session, the Oklahoma Health Care Authority proposes emergency revisions to expand hospice coverage to include all Medicaid members. Currently, hospice coverage is limited to children, expansion adults, and the dual eligible population.

### **LEGAL AUTHORITY**

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority Act, Section 5007 (C)(2) of Title 63 of Oklahoma Statutes; the Oklahoma Health Care Authority Board; 63 O.S. Sections 5003 – 5016; and Section 1011.25 of Title 56 of Oklahoma Statutes.

### **RULE IMPACT STATEMENT:**

# STATE OF OKLAHOMA OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

SUBJECT: Rule Impact Statement

APA WF # 24-14

A. Brief description of the purpose of the rule:

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority proposes emergency revisions that are necessary to comply with state law. Currently, hospice coverage is limited to children, expansion adults, and the dual eligible population. In accordance with House Bill 3980, the proposed revisions will expand hospice coverage to include all Medicaid members. Existing criteria and payment methodologies will be applied to any new populations.

B. A description of the classes of persons who most likely will be affected by the proposed rule, including classes that will bear the cost of the proposed rule, and any information on cost impacts received by the agency from any private or public entities:

The proposed rule changes will affect SoonerCare members who are in need of hospice benefits and were not previously covered. This rule change should not place any cost burden on private or public entities. No information on any cost impacts were received from any entity.

C. A description of the classes of persons who will benefit from the proposed rule:

The proposed rule changes will benefit SoonerCare members who are in need of hospice benefits and were not previously covered. The proposed rule changes have the potential to improve access to care and health equity.

D. A description of the probable economic impact of the proposed rule upon the affected classes of persons or political subdivisions, including a listing of all fee changes and, whenever possible, a separate justification for each fee change:

There is no probable economic impact and there are no fee changes associated with the rule change for the above classes of persons or any political subdivisions.

E. The probable costs and benefits to the agency and to any other agency of the implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule, the source of revenue to be used for implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule, and any anticipated effect on state revenues, including a projected net loss or gain in such revenues if it can be projected by the agency:

The estimated total cost for SFY 2025 is \$20,277.00 (\$13,601.81 in federal share and \$6,675.19 in state share). The estimated total cost for SFY 2026 is \$40,554.00 (\$27,203.62 in federal share and \$13,350.38 in state share).

F. A determination of whether implementation of the proposed rule will have an economic impact on any political subdivisions or require their cooperation in implementing or enforcing the rule:

The proposed rule changes will not have an economic impact on any political subdivision or require their cooperation in implementing or enforcing the rule changes.

G. A determination of whether implementation of the proposed rule will have an adverse effect on small business as provided by the Oklahoma Small Business Regulatory Flexibility Act:

The agency does not anticipate that the proposed rule changes will have an adverse effect on small businesses.

H. An explanation of the measures the agency has taken to minimize compliance costs and a determination of whether there are less costly or non-regulatory methods or less intrusive methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule:

The agency has taken measures to determine that there are no other legal methods to achieve the purpose of the proposed rule. Measures included a formal public comment period and tribal consultation. I. A determination of the effect of the proposed rule on the public health, safety and environment and, if the proposed rule is designed to reduce significant risks to the public health, safety and environment, an explanation of the nature of the risk and to what extent the proposed rule will reduce the risk:

The proposed rule should have no adverse effect on the public health, safety or environment.

J. A determination of any detrimental effect on the public health, safety and environment if the proposed rule is not implemented:

The agency does not anticipate any detrimental effect on the public health and safety if the proposed rule is not passed.

K. The date the rule impact statement was prepared and if modified, the date modified:

Prepared date: September 20, 2024

# TITLE 317. OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY CHAPTER 30. MEDICAL PROVIDERS-FEE FOR SERVICE

# SUBCHAPTER 5. INDIVIDUAL PROVIDERS AND SPECIALTIES

### PART 58. NON-HOSPITAL BASED HOSPICE

# **317:30-5-531.** Coverage for adults

- (a) **Definition.** "Hospice care" means a comprehensive, holistic program of palliative and/or comfort care and support provided to the member and his/her family when a physician certifies that the member has a terminal illness and has a life expectancy of six (6) months or less.
- (b) Requirements.
  - (1) Hospice services must be related to the palliation and management of the member's illness, symptom control, or to enable the individual to maintain activities of daily living and basic functional skills.
  - (2) Hospice care is performed under the direction of a physician as per the member's plan of care in an approved hospital hospice facility, in-home hospice program, or nursing facility.
- (c) **Eligibility.** Coverage for hospice services is provided to Medicaid eligible expansion adults onlymembers.
  - (1) Expansion adults defined by 42 Code of Federal Regulations § 435.119 who are age nineteen (19) or older and under sixty-five (65), at or below one hundred thirty-three percent (133%) of the federal poverty level (FPL), and who are not categorically related to the aged, blind, or disabled eligibility group are eligible for hospice services.
  - (2)(1) Hospice care eligibility requires physician certification that the member is terminally ill and includes a medical prognosis with a life expectancy of six (6) months or less if the illness runs its normal course. The terminal prognosis also must be supported by clinical documentation in the medical record. The certification must be completed by the member's attending physician or the Medical Director of an Interdisciplinary Group. Nurse practitioners serving as the attending physician may not certify the terminal illness; however, nurse

practitioners may re-certify the terminal illness.

- (3)(2) For information regarding hospice provision provided through waivers, refer to Oklahoma Administrative Code (OAC) 317:30-5-763, 317:30-5-1200, and 317:30-5-1202.
- (d) Covered services. Hospice care services can include but are not limited to:
  - (1) Nursing care;
  - (2) Physician services (e.g., physicians employed or working under arrangements made with the hospice);
  - (3) Medical equipment and supplies;
  - (4) Drugs for symptom control and pain relief;
  - (5) Home health aide services;
  - (6) Personal care services;
  - (7) Physical, occupational and/or speech therapy;
  - (8) Medical social services;
  - (9) Dietary counseling; and
  - (10) Grief and bereavement counseling to the member and/or family are required but are not reimbursable.
- (e) **Prior authorization.** All services must be prior authorized, and a written plan of care must be established before services are rendered. For medical review purposes, all hospice services will be authenticated in accordance with OAC 317:30-3-30.

## (f) Service election.

- (1) For Medicaid eligible adults, the member or member's legal guardian or authorized representative must sign an election statement, choosing hospice care instead of routine medical care with the objective to treat and cure the member's terminal illness, and by doing so waives his or her right to other Medicaid benefits, except for care not related to the terminal illness and care provided by the attending physician.
- (2) For Medicaid eligible children, hospice services are available without forgoing any other service to which the member is entitled under SoonerCare for curative treatment of the terminal illness.
- (2)(3) Once the member, legal guardian, or member's authorized representative has elected hospice care, the hospice medical team assumes responsibility for the member's medical care for the terminal illness. Hospice providers are not responsible for curative treatments for members that elect such services while on hospice.

# (g) Service revocation.

- (1) Hospice care services may be revoked by the member, <u>family</u>, legal guardian, or authorized representative at any time.
- (2) Upon revoking the election of Medicaid coverage of hospice care for a particular election period, the member resumes Medicaid coverage of the any benefits waived when hospice care was elected.
- (3) The member may at any time elect to receive hospice coverage for any other hospice election periods for which he or she is eligible.
- (h) Service frequency. Hospice care services:
  - (1) Are available for an initial two (2) ninety-day (90-day) certification periods. After the two (2) initial ninety-day (90-day) periods, a member is allowed an unlimited number of sixty-day
  - (60-day) certification periods during the remainder of the member's lifetime. Each certification period requires a new prior authorization.
  - (2) Require a hospice physician or nurse practitioner to have a face-to-face encounter with the member to determine if the member's terminal illness necessitates continuing hospice care

services. The encounter should take place prior to the one hundred eightieth (180<sup>th</sup>) day recertification and each subsequent recertification thereafter; and attest that such visit took place.

(i) **Documentation.** Initial documentation requirements for requesting services, documentation requirements for continuation of services, and the full hospice guidelines can be found at OHCA's website, https://oklahoma.gov/ohca.

# (i) Reimbursement.

- (1) SoonerCare shall provide hospice care reimbursement:
  - (A) For each day that an individual is under the care of a hospice, the hospice will be reimbursed an amount applicable to the level, type and intensity of the services furnished to the individual for that day in accordance with the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan.
  - (B) For independent physician direct services in accordance with the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan.
- (2) Through the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan, the OHCA established payment amounts for the following categories:
  - (A) Routine hospice care. Member is at home and not receiving hospice continuous care.
  - (B) Continuous home care. Member is not in an inpatient facility and receives hospice on a continuous basis at home; primarily consisting of nursing care to achieve palliation and management of acute medical symptoms during a brief period of crisis only as necessary to maintain the terminally ill patient at home. If less skilled care is needed on a continuous basis to enable the person to remain at home, this is covered as routine hospice care.
  - (C) **Inpatient respite care.** Member receives care in an approved inpatient facility on a short-term basis for respite.
  - (D) General inpatient care. Member receives general inpatient care in an inpatient facility for pain control or acute or chronic symptom management that cannot be managed at home.
  - (E) Nursing facility (NF)/intermediate care facilities for individuals with intellectual disabilities (ICF/IID) care. Member receives hospice care in a NF or ICF/IID. Hospice nursing facility or ICF/IID room and board per diem rates are reimbursed to the in-home hospice provider at a rate equal to ninety-five percent (95%) of the skilled nursing facility rate. The hospice provider is responsible for passing the room and board payment through to the NF or ICF/IID. If Medicare is the primary payer of hospice benefits, OHCA will only reimburse the hospice provider for coinsurance and deductible amounts per the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan and will continue to pay the room and board to the nursing facility.
  - (F) **Service intensity add-on**. Member receives care by a registered nurse (RN) or social worker when provided in the last seven (7) days of his/her life.
  - (G) Other general reimbursement items.
    - (i) **Date of discharge**. For the day of discharge from an inpatient unit, the appropriate home care rate is to be paid unless the patient dies as an inpatient. When the patient is discharged as deceased, the inpatient rate, either general or respite, is to be paid for the discharge date.
    - (ii) **Inpatient day cap**. Payments to a hospice for inpatient care must be limited according to the number of days of inpatient care furnished to Medicaid patients. During the twelve-month (12-month) period beginning October 1 of each year and

ending September 30, the aggregate number of inpatient days (both for general inpatient care and inpatient respite care) may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the aggregate total number of days of hospice care provided to all Medicaid recipients during that same period. This limitation is applied once each year, at the end of the hospices' cap period.

(iii) **Obligation of continuing care**. After the member's Medicare hospice benefit expires, the patient's Medicaid hospice benefits do not expire. The hospice must continue to provide the recipient's care until the patient expires or until the member revokes the election of hospice care.

# 317:30-5-532. Coverage for children [REVOKED]

Hospice is palliative and/or comfort care provided to the member and his/her family when a physician certifies that the member has a terminal illness and has a life expectancy of six months or less. A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness and death. Hospice services must be related to the palliation and management of the member's illness, symptom control, or to enable the individual to maintain activities of daily living and basic functional skills.

- (1) Payment is made for home based hospice services for terminally ill individuals with a life expectancy of six months or less when the member and/or family has elected hospice benefits. Hospice services are available to eligible members without forgoing any other service to which the member is entitled under SoonerCare for curative treatment of the terminal illness. Once the member has elected hospice care, the hospice medical team assumes responsibility for the member's medical care for the terminal illness in the home environment. Hospice providers are not responsible for curative treatments for members that elect such services while on hospice. Hospice care includes nursing care, physician services, medical equipment and supplies, drugs for symptom control and pain relief, home health aide and personal care, physical, occupational and/or speech therapy, medical social services, dietary counseling and grief and bereavement counseling to the member and/or family. Services must be prior authorized.
- (2) Hospice care is available for two 90 day periods and an unlimited number of 60 day periods during the remainder of the member's lifetime. Beginning January 1, 2011, a hospice physician or nurse practitioner must have a face to face encounter with the member to determine if the member's terminal illness necessitates continuing hospice care services. The encounter must take place prior to the 180th day recertification and each subsequent recertification thereafter; and attests that such visit took place. The member and/or the family may voluntarily terminate hospice services. Hospice services must be reasonable and necessary for the palliation or management of a terminal illness or related conditions. A certification that the individual is terminally ill must be completed by the member's attending physician or the Medical Director of an Interdisciplinary Group. Nurse practitioners serving as the attending physician may not certify the terminal illness; however, effective January 1, 2011, nurse practitioners may recertify the terminal illness.
- (3) Services must be prior authorized. A written plan of care must be established before services are provided. The plan of care should be submitted with the prior authorization request.