

ANALYSIS OF Hepatitis in Oklahoma's SoonerCare Program

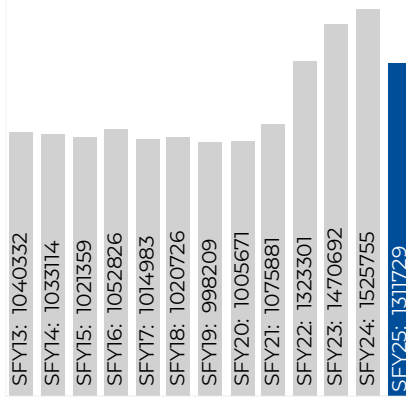


SoonerCare Members

In SFY2025 there were 7,208 SoonerCare members with hepatitis, down from 7,633 in SFY2024. Most were adults. Hepatitis C was the most prevalent type of hepatitis.

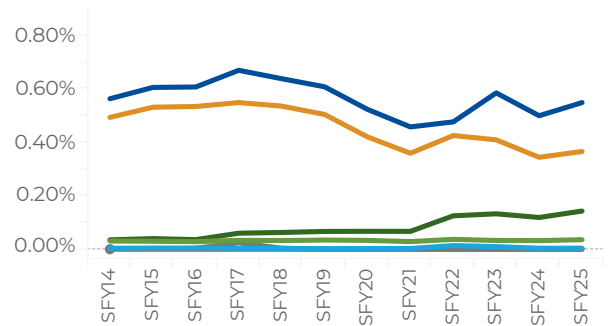
Unspecified viral hepatitis, which is largely responsible for recent increases in hepatitis, may include diagnoses such as nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), and despite the name does not always indicate a virus.

Total SoonerCare Enrollment



Hepatitis Prevalence Rates

Hepatitis Type: Total | Type A | Type B | Type C | Type D | Type E | Unspecified Viral Hepatitis

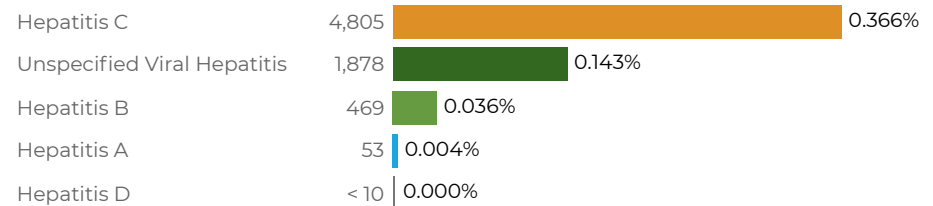


In SFY2025 there were

7,208

members with hepatitis,
or 0.55% of all members

Total Prevalence Rate of Hepatitis Type Among SoonerCare Members SFY2025



Members with Hepatitis by Eligibility Type SFY2025

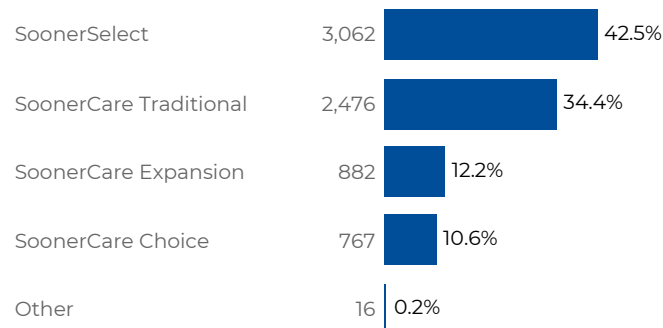


74.5%

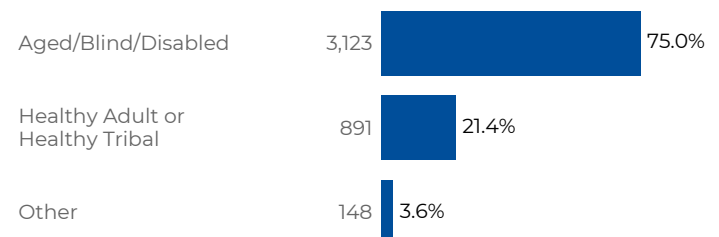
were Non-Dual Eligible*
5,369 members

**Dual Eligible: members enrolled in both Medicaid and Medicare*

Members with Hepatitis by Delivery System SFY2025 (<10 excluded)



Members with Hepatitis by Qualifying Group SFY2025 (<10 excluded)



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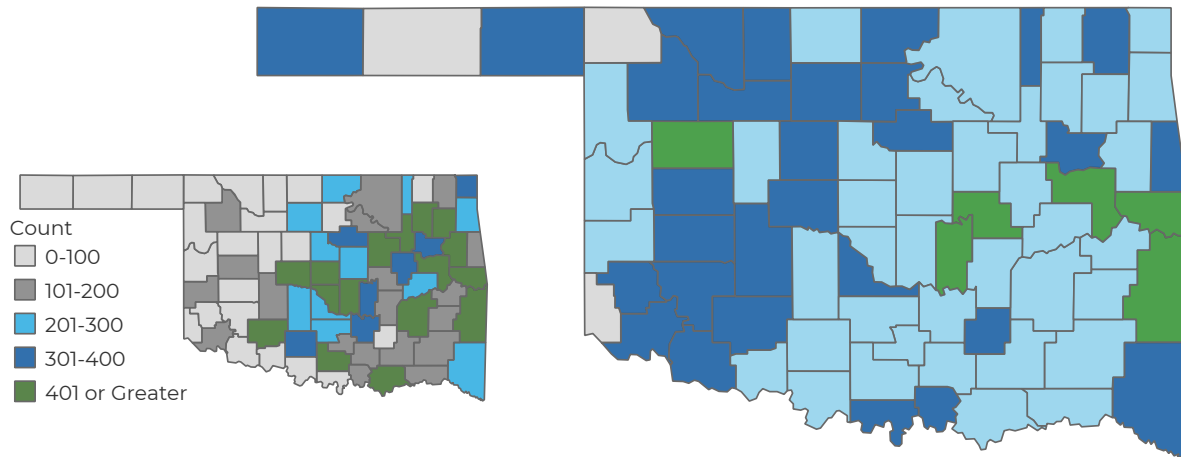


Prevalence Rates

Prevalence



There does not appear to be a spatial pattern in prevalence, though most cases are found near population centers in SFY2025.

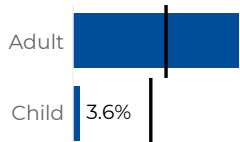


SoonerCare Members with Hepatitis

In SFY2025, hepatitis was more prevalent among adults and Caucasians than would be expected based on the demographic composition of all SoonerCare members. See details below. The black line represents the percent of total SoonerCare members.

96.4%

were adults
6,951 members



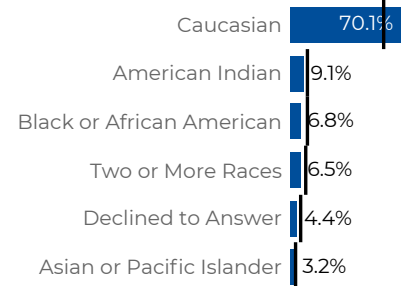
50.1%

were female
3,611 members



70.1%

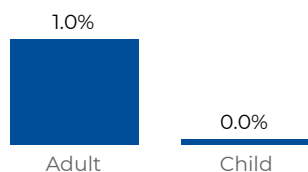
were
Caucasian
5,053 members



Prevalence Rates Among SoonerCare Members

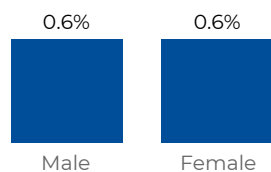
1.0%

of all adult members had
hepatitis



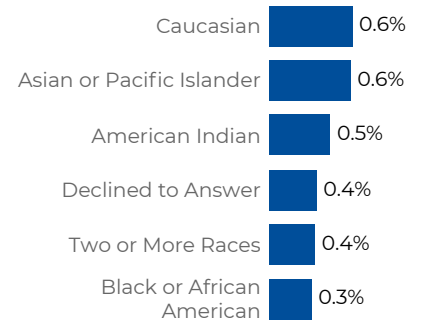
0.6%

of all female members
had hepatitis



0.6%

of all Caucasian
members had
hepatitis



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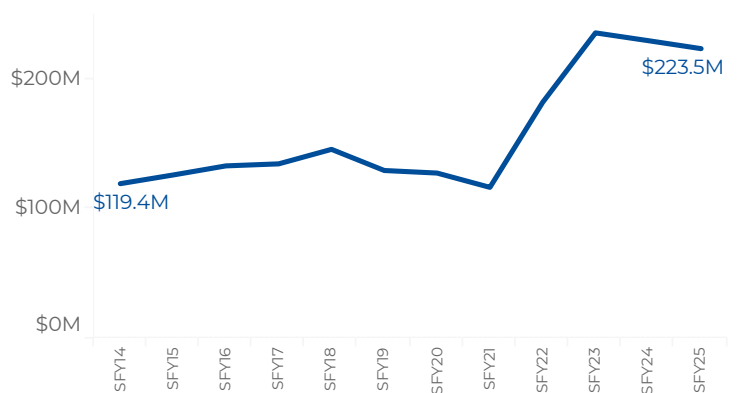
Reimbursement Cost

The total reimbursement for services rendered for members with hepatitis fell from \$230M in SFY2024 to \$224M in SFY2025.

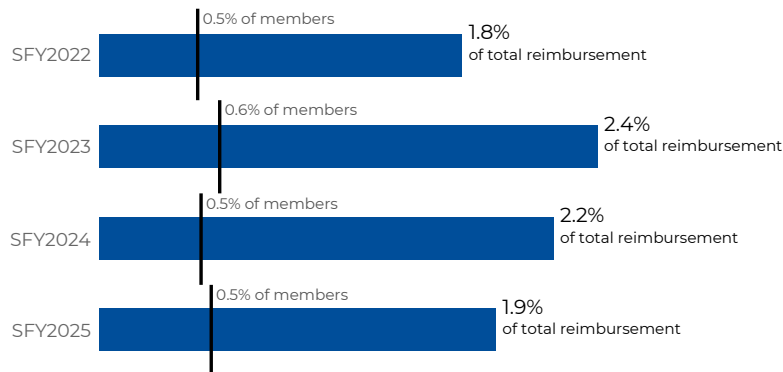
The cost of treating members with hepatitis was disproportionately higher than the prevalence rate of hepatitis among members. This is further illustrated in the graph below.

Notably, both total and per capita reimbursements had increased roughly linearly since SFY21. This seems to have stabilized in SFY2024-2025.

Annual Reimbursement for Members with Hepatitis



SoonerCare Members with Hepatitis: Percent of Total Reimbursement Compared to Percent of Total SoonerCare Enrollment



Average Reimbursement per Member with Hepatitis



\$223,527,270

Total reimbursement for members with hepatitis

\$31,002

Average reimbursement for members with hepatitis

	Total Reimbursement	% of Total Reimbursement	Reimbursement per Member
Dual Eligible	\$38,810,598	17.4%	\$21,081
Non-Dual Eligible	\$184,716,672	82.6%	\$34,404
Adult	\$216,838,537	97.0%	\$31,195
Child	\$6,688,732	3.0%	\$25,825
Female	\$104,632,367	46.8%	\$28,976
Male	\$118,894,902	53.2%	\$33,036